Strategies for Maximizing Energy Savings

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Sponsors: Tipmont REMC & Wabash Valley Power Moves®



Outline

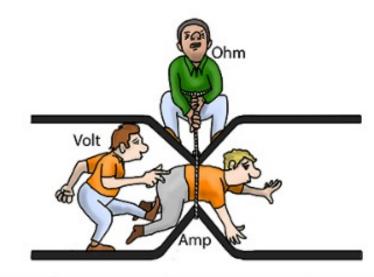
- Basic electricity units
- C&I Rate Structures & Tariffs
- Steps to achieving energy/cost savings
- Rebates & funding sources
- Questions



Basic electricity units

Basic electricity units

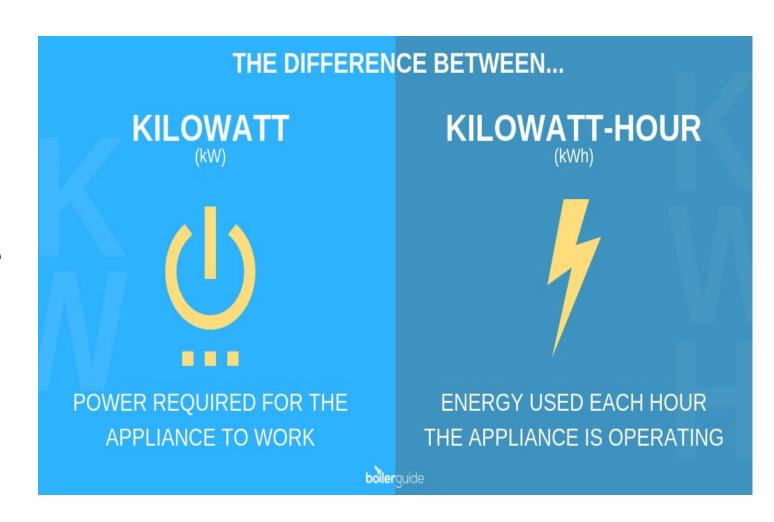
- Energy ability to do work
- Power How fast energy is made, moved or consumed
- Voltage (V) the pressure of electricity
- Amperage (A) the flow rate of electricity
- Resistance (R) Opposition to the flow of electric current



Quantity	Symbol	Unit of Measurement	Unit Abbreviation	
Current	1	Ampere (Amp)	Α	
Voltage	VorE	Volt	V	
Resistance R		Ohm	Ω	

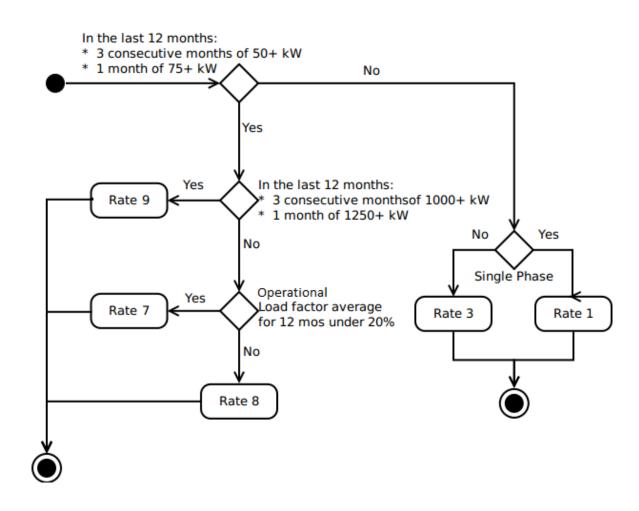
Basic electricity units

- Kilowatt (kW) unit of power
- Kilowatt-hour (kWh) –
 unit of electric energy
- Power factor (PF) phase shift between volt and amp wave forms (kW/kVA)



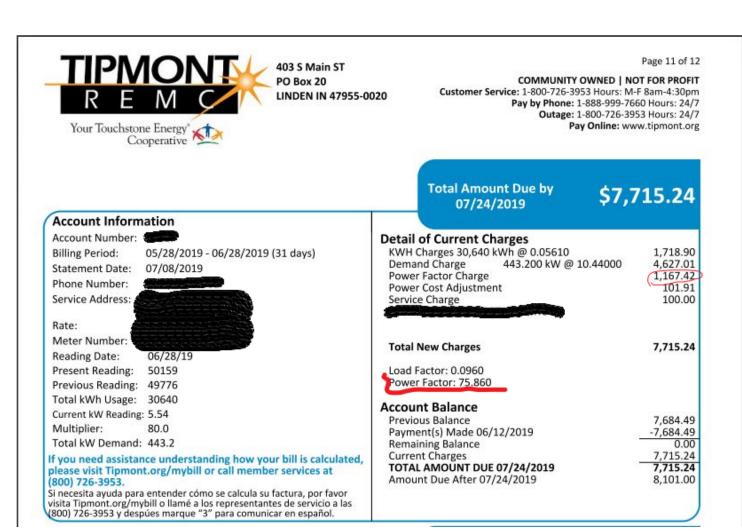
C&I Rate Structures & Tarriffs

Rate Class Structures & Selection



Bill Charges & Sample Rate 800 Bill

- Energy (KWh) Charge
 - Variable fee based on usage
- Demand charge
 - Based on the highest (averaged) usage in 15 minute window
- Power factor charge
 - Penalty for quality of energy usage
 - Power Cost Adjustment
- Service charge
 - Fixed fee paid regardless of usage. Varies by rate class



Steps to Achieving Energy/Cost Savings

- 1. Contact your energy company
- 2. Contact your energy company
- 3. Understand your bill and its components
- 4. Analyze your usage
- 5. Schedule an energy assessment if necessary
- 6. Develop cost effectiveness plan
- 7. Target low/no-cost projects first
- 8. Apply for rebates & or RE/EE financing

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Good Afternoon.

Who do I contact about an abnormal invoice, account number xxxxx.

the unit cost is almost twice as much as what it is normally for a variance of 95%.

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Customer Service: 1-800-726-3953 Hours: M-F 8am-4:30pm Pay by Phone: 1-888-999-7660 Hours: 24/7

Outage: 1-800-726-3953 Hours: 24/7

Pay Online: www.tipmont.org

Total Amount Due by 07/24/2019

\$7,715.24

Account Information

Account Number:

Billing Period: 05/28/2019 - 06/28/2019 (31 days)

Statement Date: 07/08/2019

Phone Number:

Service Address:

.

Rate:

Meter Number: 06/28/19

Present Reading: 50159
Previous Reading: 49776
Total kWh Usage: 30640
Current kW Reading: 5.54
Multiplier: 80.0

Total kW Demand: 443.2

If you need assistance understanding how your bill is calculated, please visit Tipmont.org/mybill or call member services at (800) 726-3953.

Si necesita ayuda para entender cómo se calcula su factura, por favor visita Tipmont.org/mybill o llamé a los representantes de servicio a las (800) 726-3953 y despúes marque "3" para comunicar en español.

Detail of Current Charges

 KWH Charges 30,640 kWh @ 0.05610
 1,718.90

 Demand Charge
 443.200 kW @ 10.44000
 4,627.01

 Power Factor Charge
 1,167.42
 101.91

 Service Charge
 100.00

Total New Charges

7,715.24

Load Factor: 0.0960 Power Factor: 75,860

Account Balance

Previous Balance 7,684.49
Payment(s) Made 06/12/2019 -7,684.49
Remaining Balance 0.00
Current Charges 7,715.24
TOTAL AMOUNT DUE 07/24/2019 7,715.24
Amount Due After 07/24/2019 8,101.00

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Month/yr	Days Use	Power fac	Powe	r Factor Charge	Bill Total	% of Bill
Jun-19	31	76%	\$	1,167.42	\$ 7,715.24	15%
May-19	30	86%	\$	400.78	\$ 7,684.49	5%
Apr-19	31	89%	\$	266.60	\$ 7,144.88	4%
Mar-19	28	90%	\$	114.09	\$ 4,825.77	2%
Feb-19	31	90%	\$	101.97	\$ 5,493.30	2%
Jan-19	31	88%	\$	152.64	\$ 4,968.37	3%
Dec-18	30	89%	\$	154.30	\$ 5,202.44	3%
Nov-18	31	88%	\$	180.72	\$ 5,099.13	4%
Oct-18	30	86%	\$	493.68	\$ 8,904.28	6%
Sep-18	31	84%	\$	743.76	\$14,298.92	5%
Aug-18	31	87%	\$	478.90	\$13,019.70	4%
Jul-18	30	93%	\$	93.04	\$ 8,415.82	1%
Jun-18	31	93%	\$	91.79	\$ 8,834.84	1%
May-18	30	95%	\$	-	\$ 7,203.10	0%

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Subject

RE: Acct 11327 - 95% variance

As we discussed on the phone, since this account is billed for kWh usage, peak demand and power factor charge among others, looking at unit cost/kWh will not give you a true picture of what is going on.

The change in your bill between June and July is due to the reduced power factor. Power factor went from 86% in June to 76% in July. The lower the power factor, the higher the charge.

Power factor charge can be easily eliminated by using power factor correction capacitors. If you have one installed at this location already, you can have an electrical contractor come out and take a look to make sure it's working properly. If you do not, it will be beneficial to have one installed.

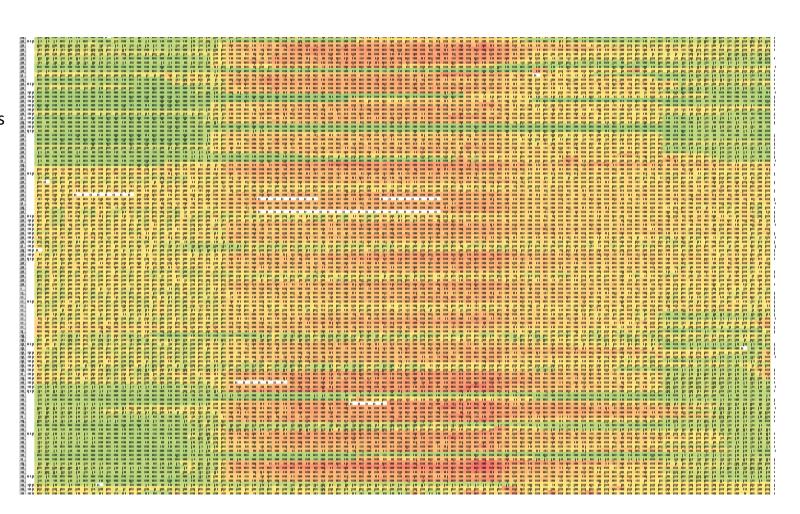
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Tolu,
This is what the electrician found.
This one link is burned limiting the capacitor.

Thanks for your assistance in this matter.



- Contact your energy company
- 2. Contact your energy company
- 3. Understand your bill and its components
- 4. Analyze your usage 15 min interval data
- Schedule an energy assessment if necessary
- 6. Develop cost effectiveness plan
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Rebates & Funding Sources

C&I Rebates

- Wabash Valley Power Moves®
 - Prescriptive Lighting & Non-Lighting
 - New Construction
 - Custom
- Limited to \$25,000/member/yr
 - Custom projects go up to \$50,000
- More information on www.powermoves.com



C&I RE & EE Funding

- Rural Energy for America Program (REAP)
 - Categories
 - Guaranteed loans
 - Unrestricted grants
 - Grants of \$20,000 or less
 - Eligibility
 - Agricultural producers with at least 50% of gross income coming from Ag Ops
 - Small businesses in eligible rural areas
 - Available funding
 - Loan guarantees on loans up to 75% of total eligible project costs
 - Grants for up to 25% of total eligible project costs
 - Combined grant & guaranteed loan funding up to 75% of total eligible project costs

C&I RE & EE Funding

- Rural Energy for America Program (REAP)
 - Use of funds
 - Renewable energy systems Biomass, Geothermal, hydropower, wind & solar
 - Energy efficiency improvements HE HVAC, insulation, lighting etc.
 - Further questions
 - Contact State Rural Development Energy Coordinator
 - Curtis Johnson. Tel: 765-216-4063. Email: Curtis.johnson@in.usda.gov/in

Thank You!

Questions?

Appendix

Sample calculations

• Question:

• Amy left her 1.5kW space heater on and came to work for 8 hours. How much did this mistake cost Amy that day?

Solution

- What do we need?
 - Appliance rating
 - Hours used
 - Amy's electric rate

Sample calculations – Load Factor

- Load Factor = average demand (kw)/ (max demand (kw)
 - Average demand = kWh usage/(24)* (number of days)

• Question:

• In June, an office complex used 172,500 kWh of energy and set a max demand of 600 kW. Calculate its LF.

Solution

- Average Demand = 172,500 kWh/(24)*(31) = 231.9 kW
- Load Factor = 231.9 kW/600 kW = 0.39

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Questions and Answers

