



53rd US Rock Mechanics / Geomechanics Symposium

June 24, 2019

Resilient

Extra

Terrestrial

Habitat



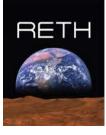
Extraterrestrial Habitat Engineering

How did this start?

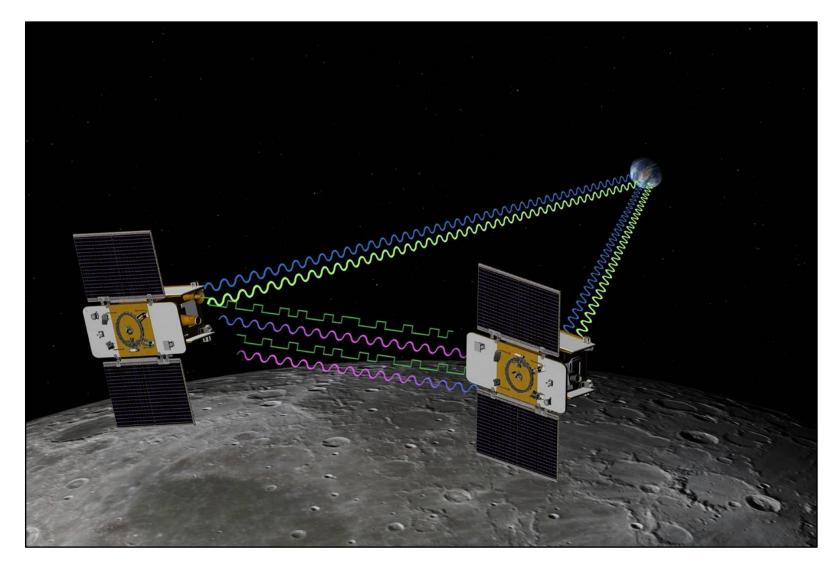
Vision & Grand Challenges

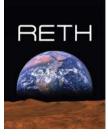
Resilient Habitat

Stability of Lunar Lava Tubes

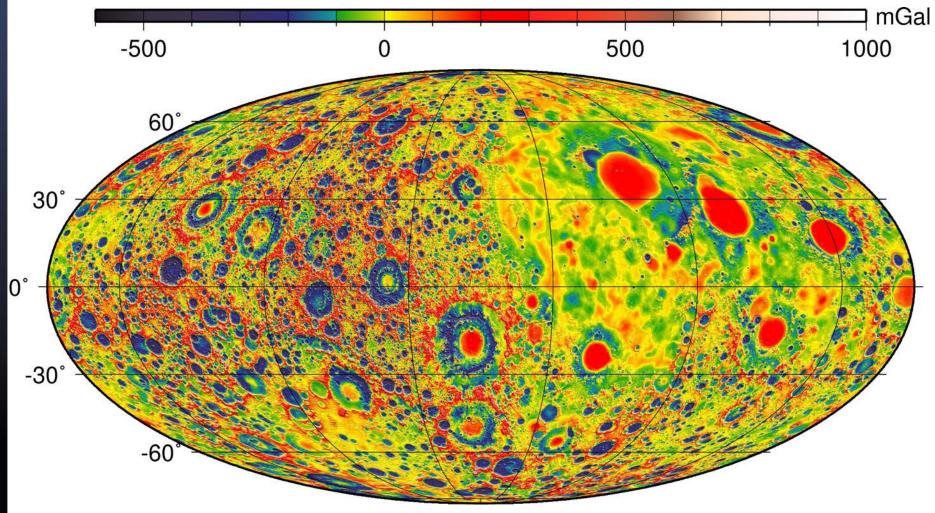


the project originated with NASA's GRAIL mission to the Moon (2011-2012)





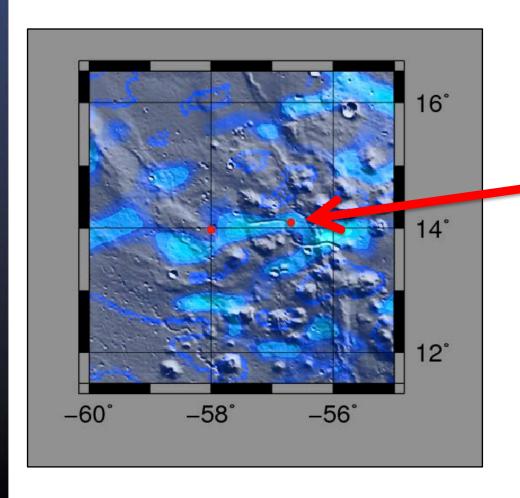
GRAIL made precision measurements of the Moon's gravity

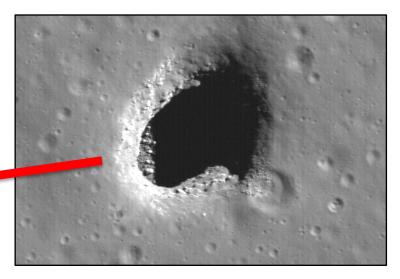




Resilient ExtraTerrestrial Habitats

Purdue Discovery! Large lava tubes on the Moon



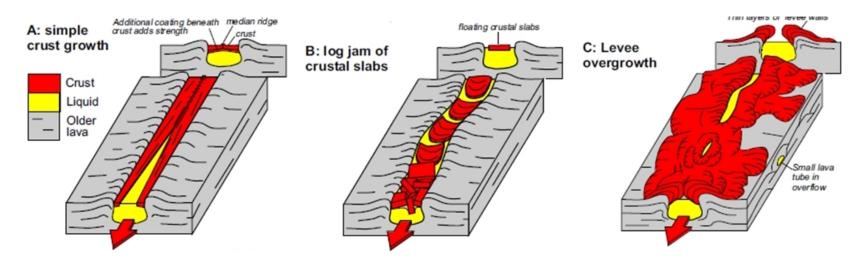


Lunar "skylight" lava cave, 130 m diameter



Cross-correlation of free-air and Bouguer gravity using along-track cross-correlation method. (Loïc Chappaz, Kathleen Howell, Rohan Sood, GRL 2017)

Lava tubes form in the aftermath of lava feeder channels





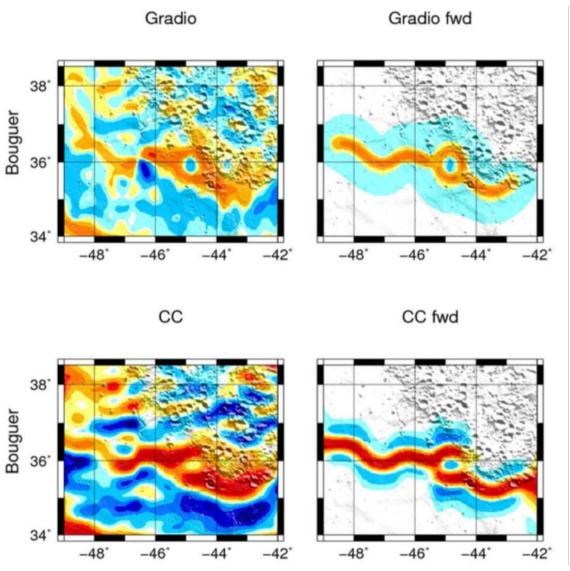
Undara, Queensland, AU



Subway Cave, N. California

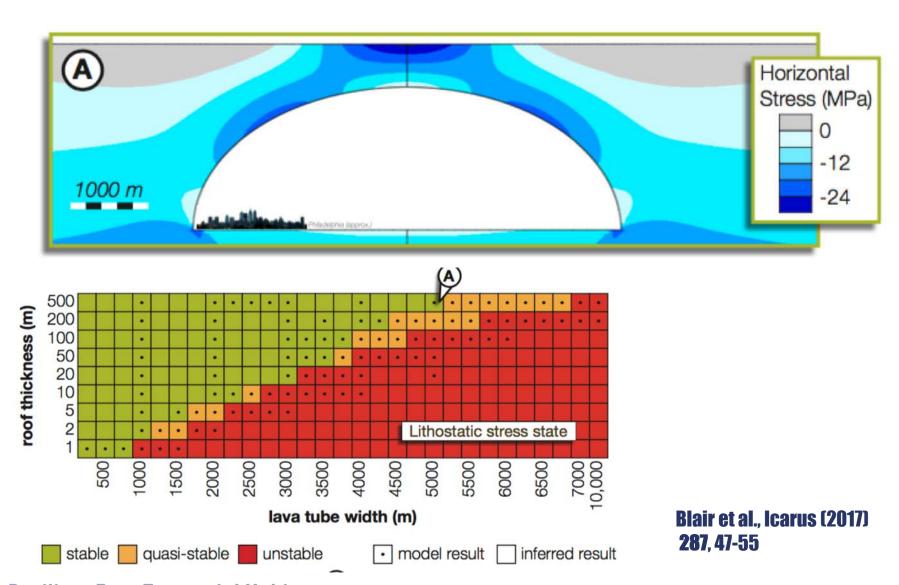


The gravity signals, however, suggest kmwide openings





Can such large cavities be stable on the Moon?





Lava tubes are ideal for astronaut habitats, offering safety from radiation, temperature changes, micrometeorites and even dust

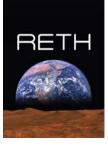






We know how to get there... then what?

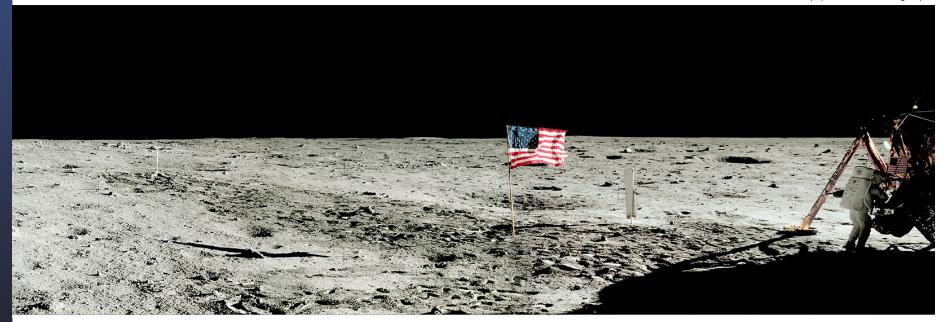


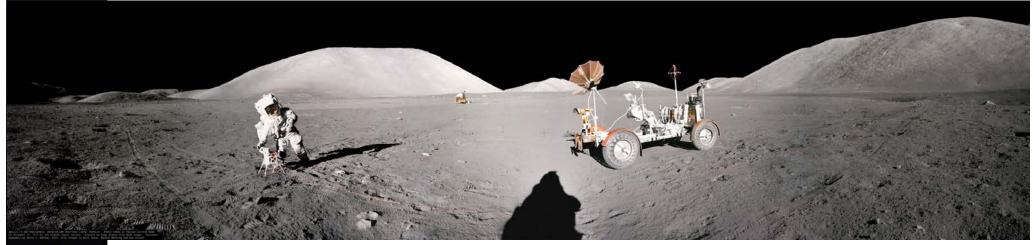


(nasa.gov)

We know how to get there... then what?

(Apollo 11, nasa.gov)





(Apollo 17, nasa.gov)

Will this work?





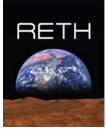
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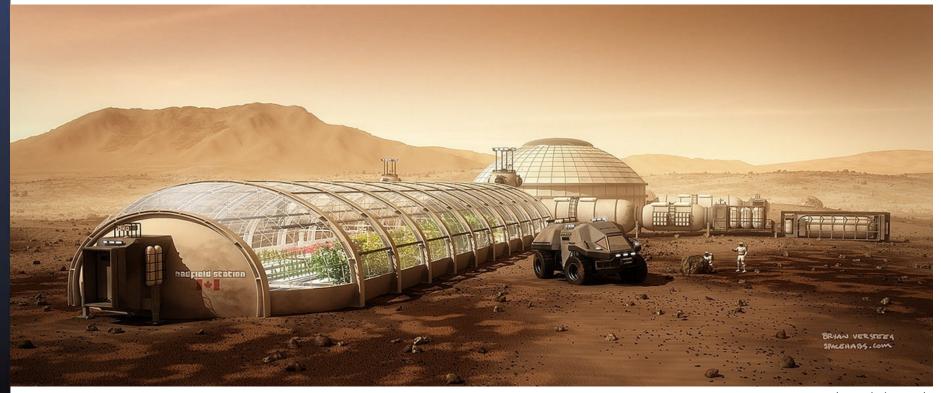
Resilient Habitat

Stability of Lunar Lava Tubes



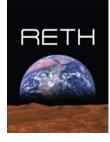
And now... what lies ahead?

Our Vision...



(spacehabs.com)

... we need the Science & Engineering

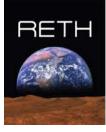


The surfaces of the Moon and Mars are extremely hostile for humans

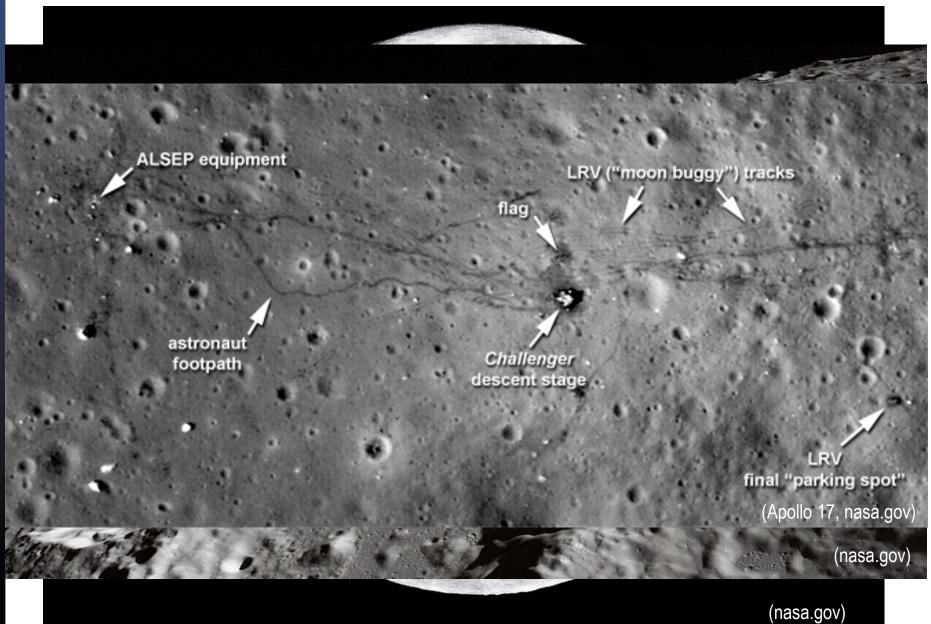




- Little or no air
- Cosmic radiation
- Meteorite impacts, direct and secondary
- Extreme temperature variations

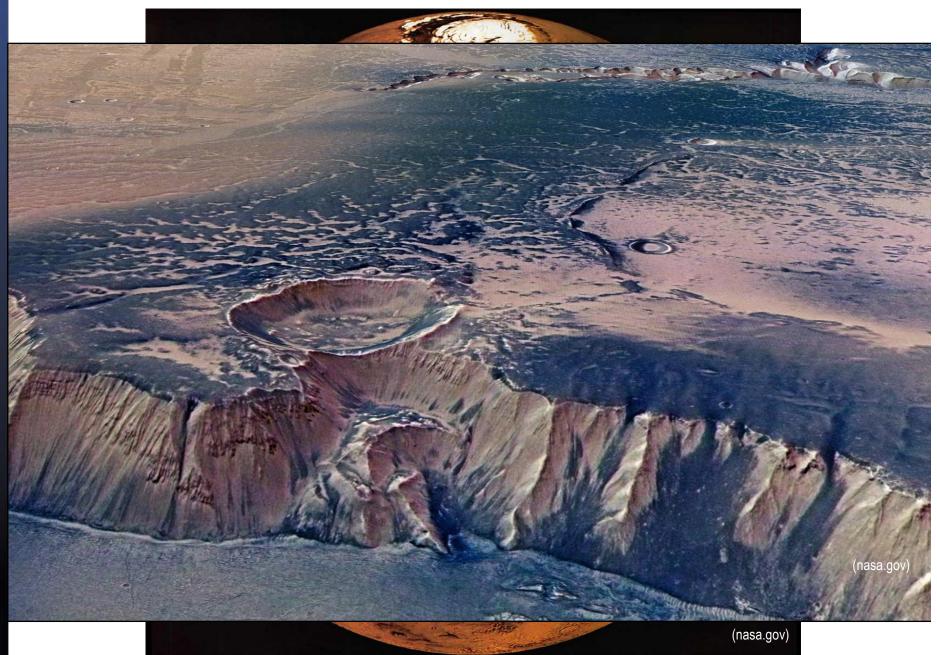


The Grand Challenges: Identify Hazards





Identify Hazards



RETH

RETH Team...

Faculty











Postdoctoraliates and Researchers





















Undergraduate Undergraduate











Resilient ExtraTerrestrial mapitat

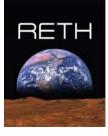
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How we design...





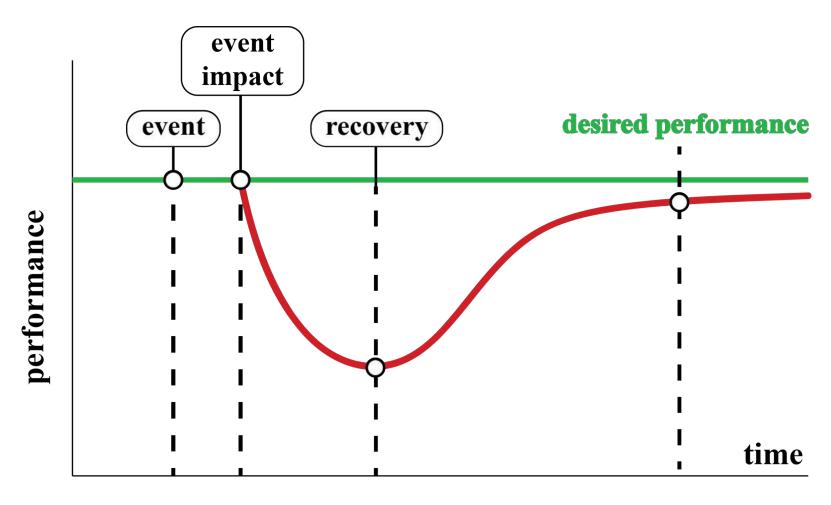
... then Katrina happened: Systems Design (SD)

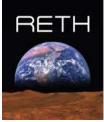




Resilient Design:

it is a comprehensive approach to account for disruptions through the design process and to adapt to them in operation.



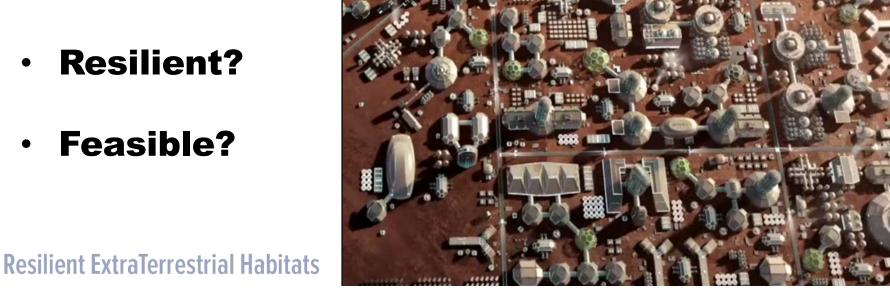


Resilient Design

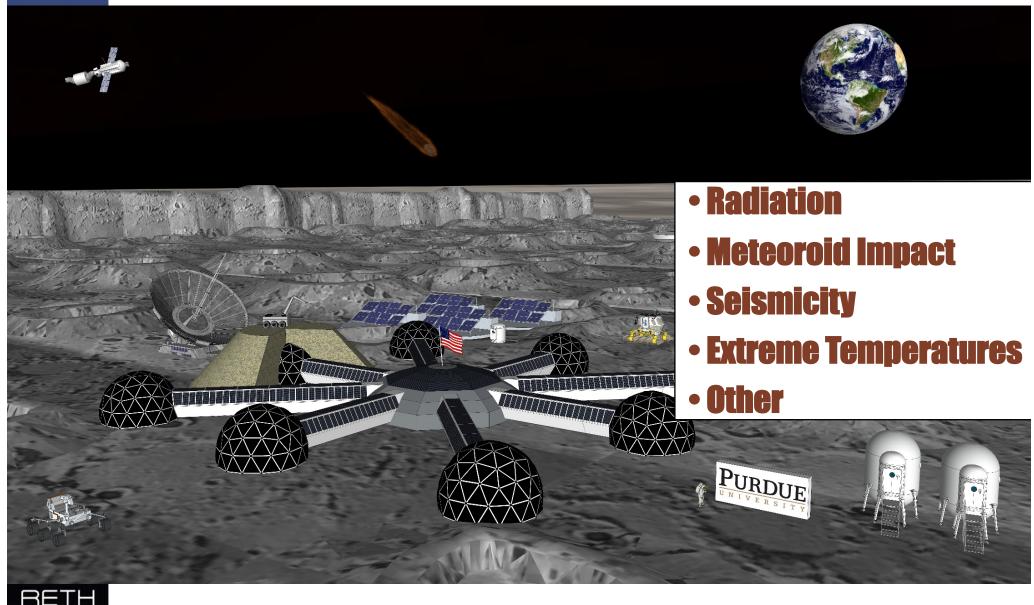


· Safe?





If humans are to live and work out there, they must be prepared to deal with an array of hazards

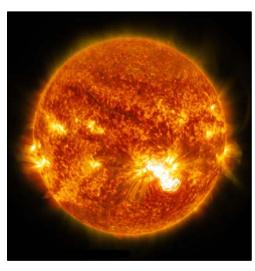


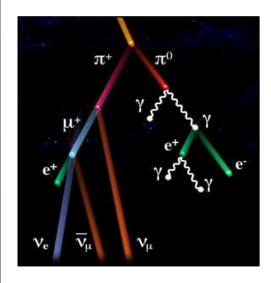
Radiation: Types



Galactic Cosmic Rays (GCR)

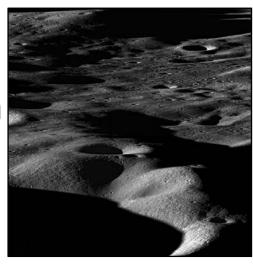






Secondary Particles

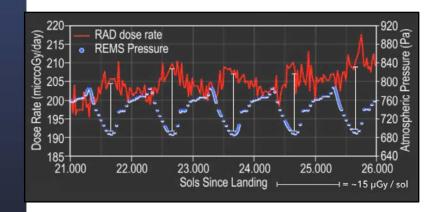
Lunar Regolith (Soil)

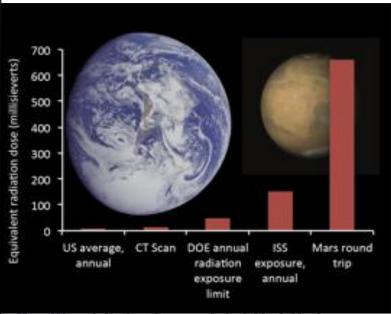


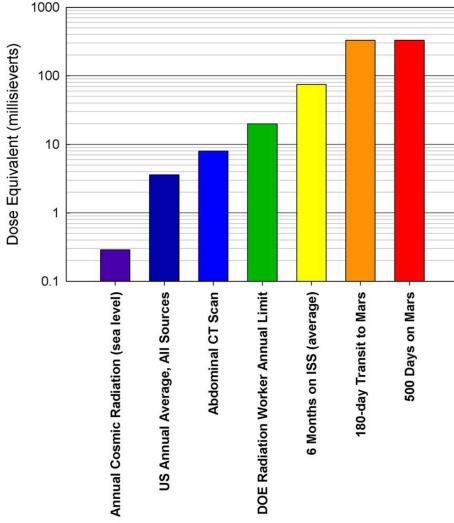


Radiation

MSL carried the first ever dosimeter for both the cruise to Mars and surface exposure









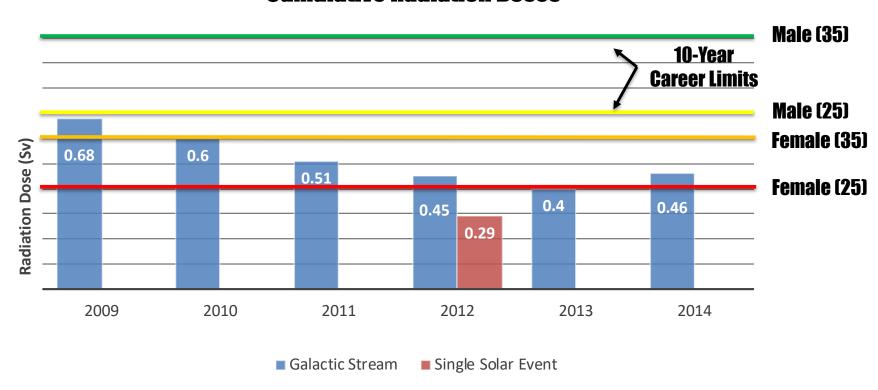
Resilient Extralerrestrial Habitats

Radiation

Expected Radiation Levels:

Career limits correspond to an excess of 3% chance of fatal cancer development

Cumulative Radiation Doses

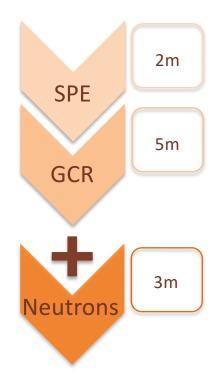




(Data gathered from the University of New Hampshire in collaboration with NASA) (Radiation Limits given by the National Council on Radiation Protection and Measurements)

Radiation

Hazard Mitigation

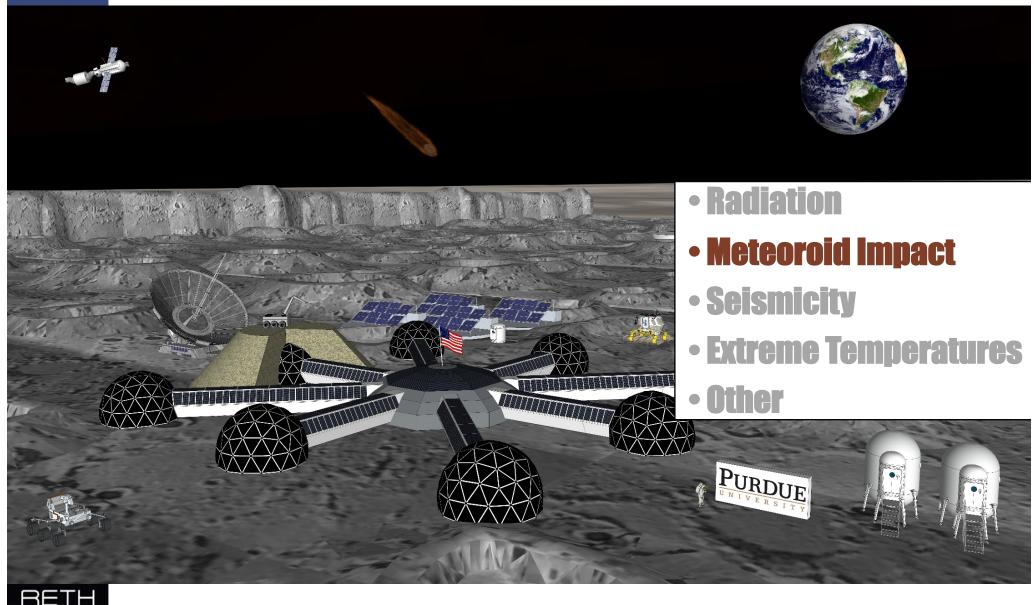






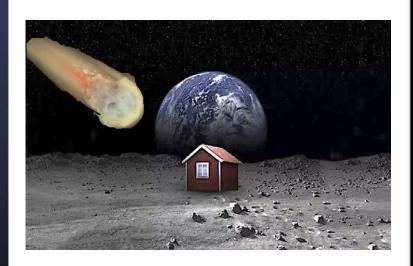
(Images courtesy of NASA and ESA)

If humans are to live and work out there, they must be prepared to deal with an array of hazards



Meteoroid impact

Primary impact:

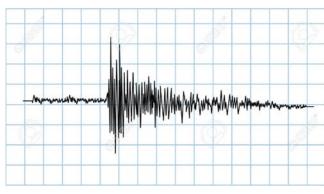


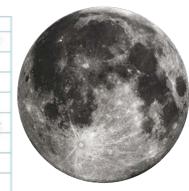
Direct damage

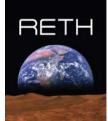
Secondary impact:



Ejected particles







Seismic activity

Meteoroid impact

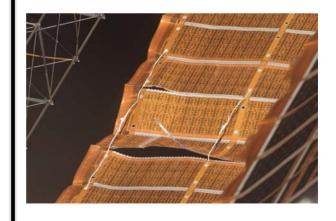
Perforation



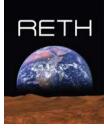
Deterioration



Damage equipment

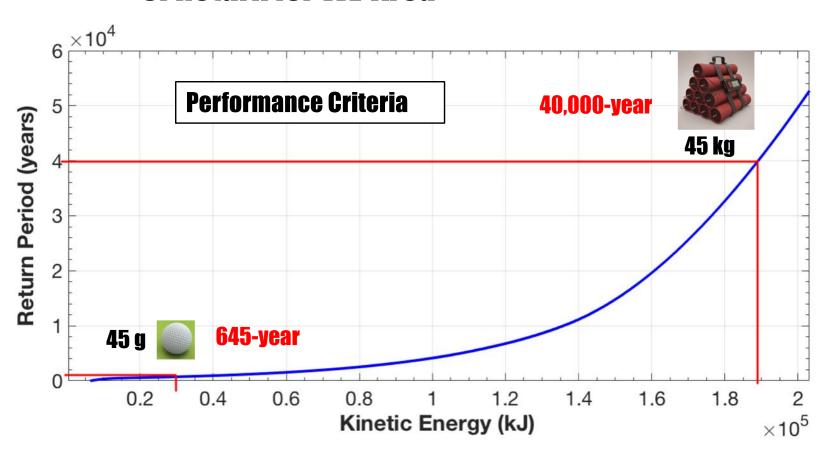


Credit Images: ESA and NASA



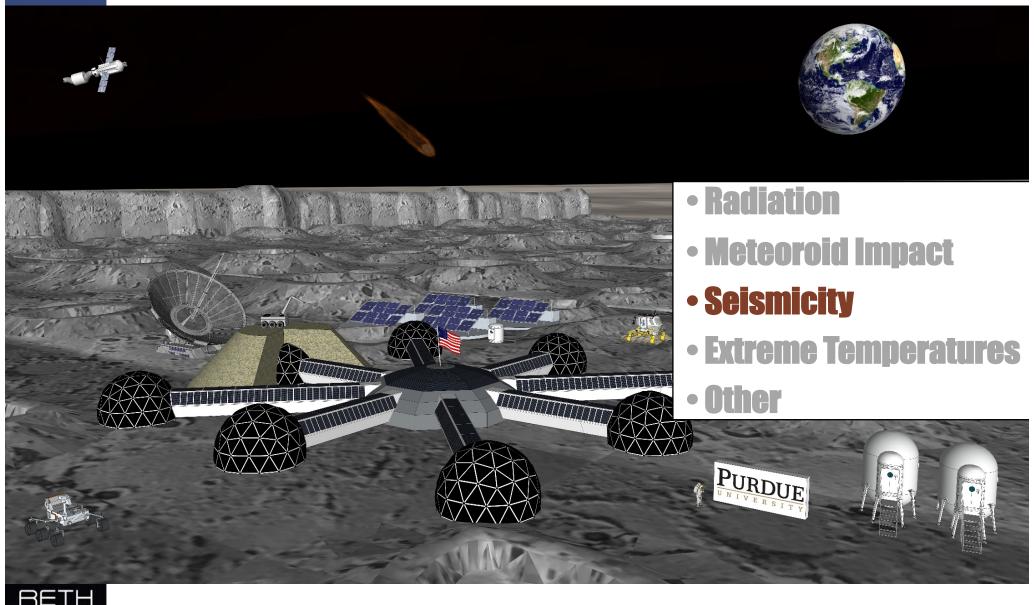
Meteoroid impact

Numerical Approach: Estimates for Period of Return for WL-Area





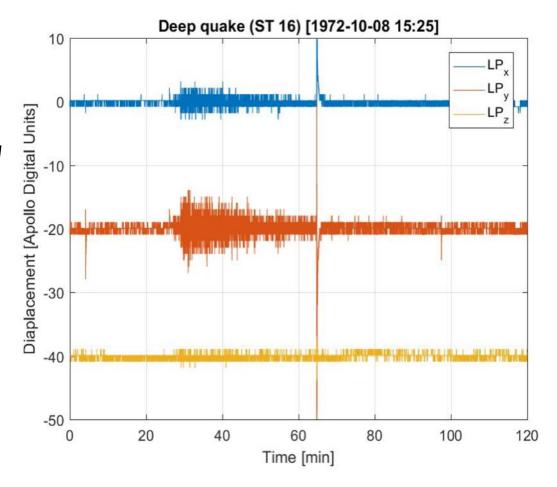
If humans are to live and work out there, they must be prepared to deal with an array of hazards

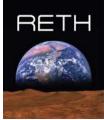


Moonquakes

Deep moonquakes:

- At depths of 700 1000 km.
- Frequent events, but low energy
- Most less than magnitude 2
- Terrestrial tidal forces influence the occurrence and periodicity of deep events.
- 7000 events identified!!!

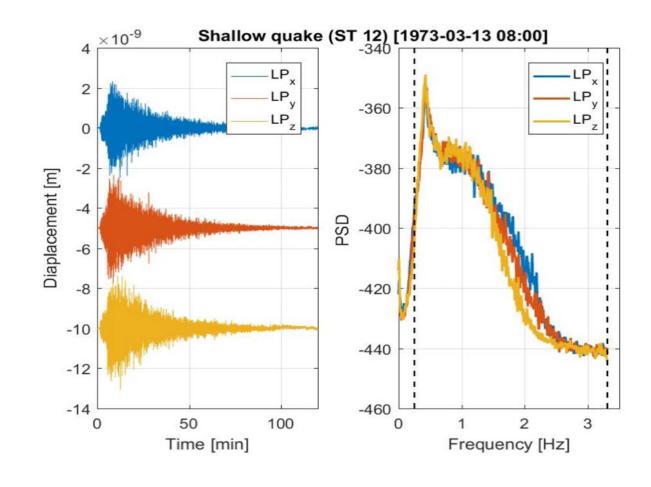


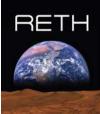


Moonquakes

Shallow moonquakes:

- Infrequent, with no pattern in position or time of occurrence
- Exceptional highfrequency content.
- Only 28 detected.
- **Depth <300 km.**
- Magnitude ~5.
- Similar to intraplate Earth quakes

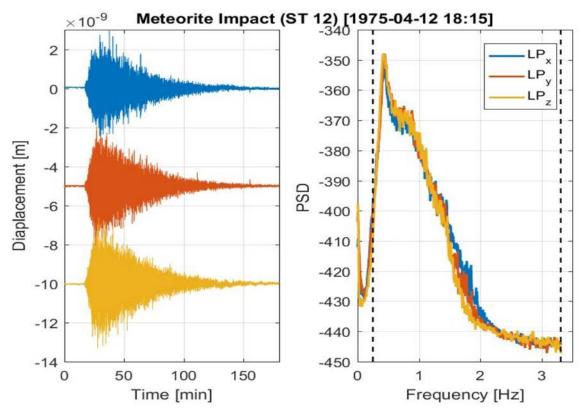




Moonquakes

Meteorite moonquakes:

- ~1700 events detected with estimated masses 0.5 to 50 kg, from long-period sensors
- Short-period sensors detected many more impacts, from smaller meteoroids







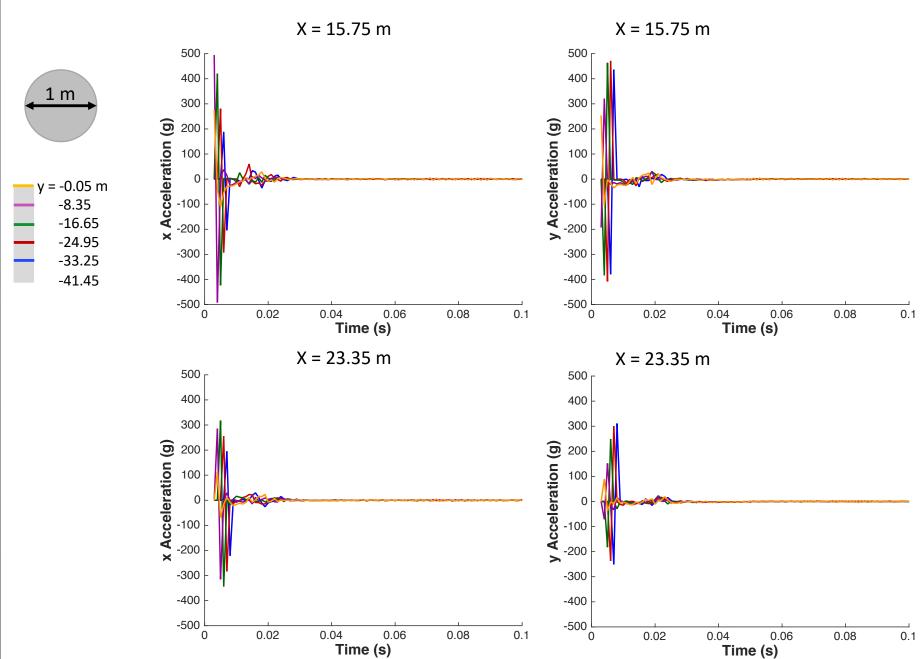


Barringer Crater, AZ.

1.2 km diameter, 170 m deep; 50 m impactor (764 yr. return period)

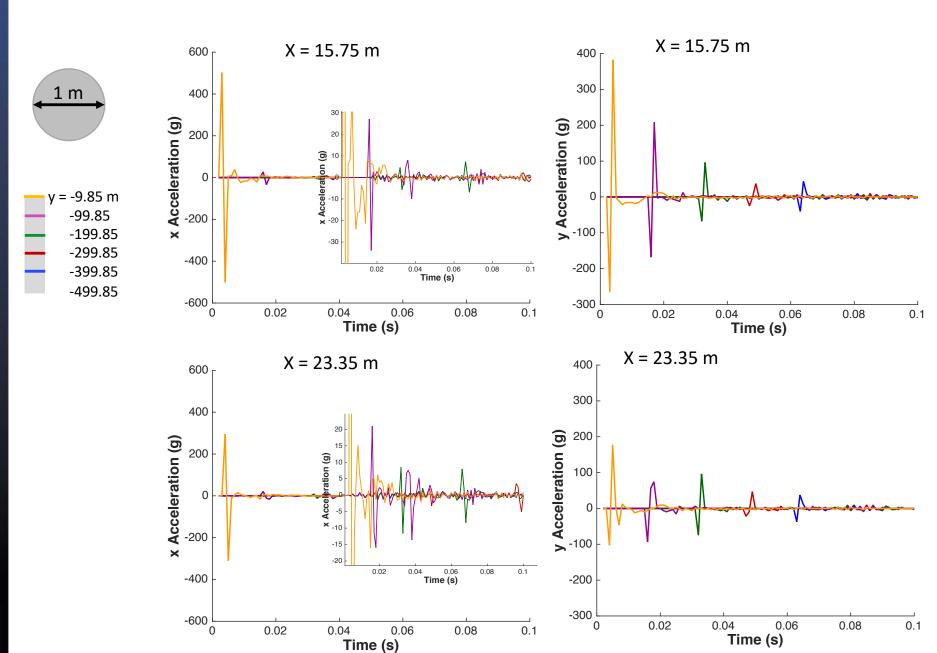
Resilient ExtraTerrestrial Habitats

Accelerations



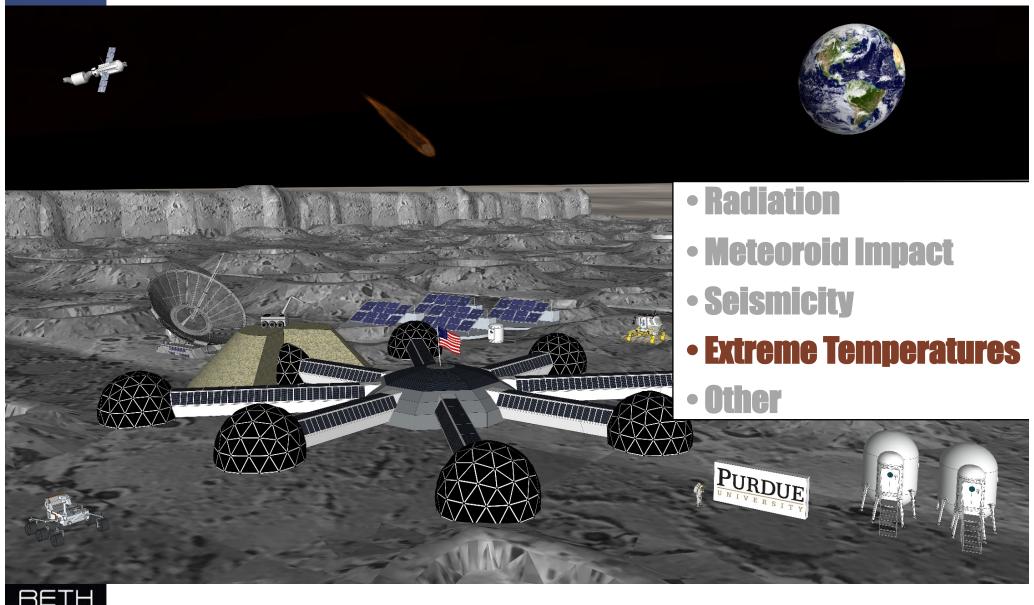


Accelerations

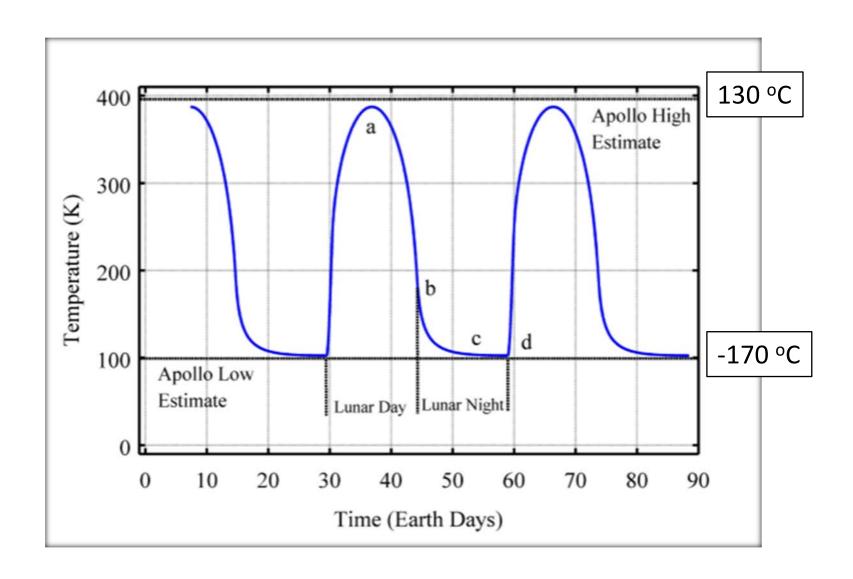


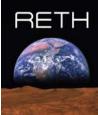


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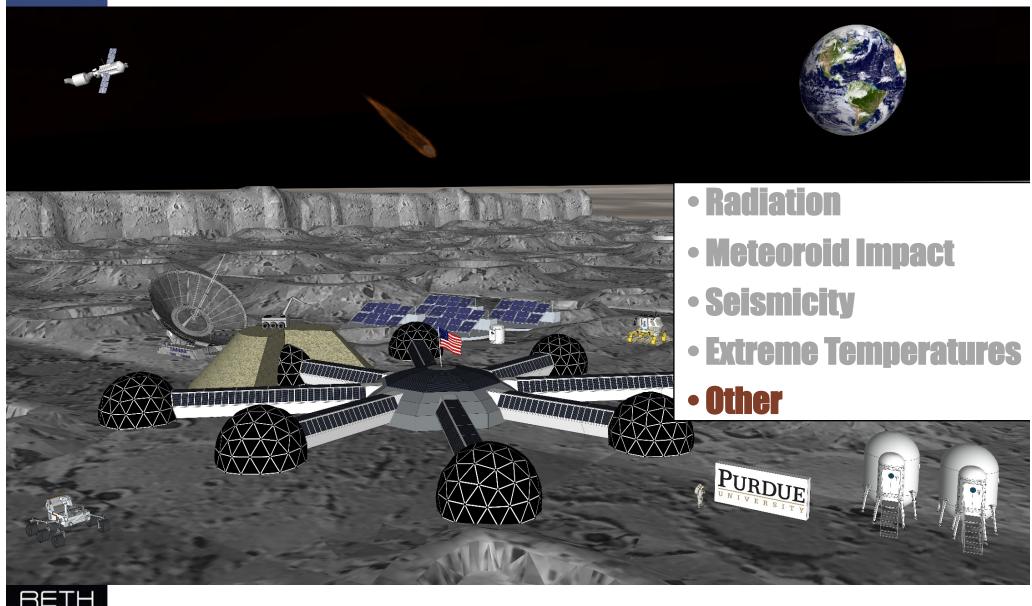


Extreme Temperatures





If humans are to live and work out there, they must be prepared to deal with an array of hazards



On the Moon, lunar dust gets into everything and ruins spacesuit seals









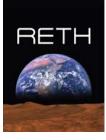
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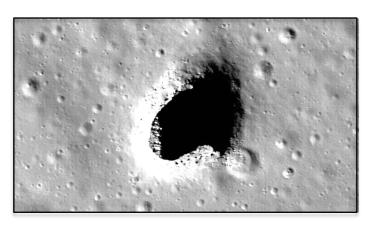
Vision & Grand Challenges

Resilient Habitat

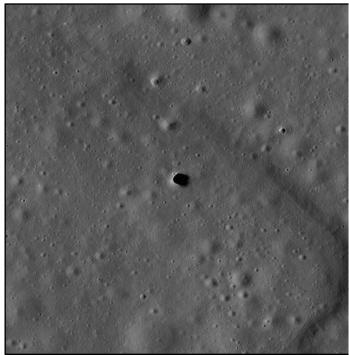
Stability of Lunar Lava Tubes



Purdue Discovery! Large lava tubes on the Moon



GRAIL Players from AAE and EAPS: Rohan Sood, Loic Chappaz, Jay Melosh, Kathleen Howell, David Blair, Colleen Milbury

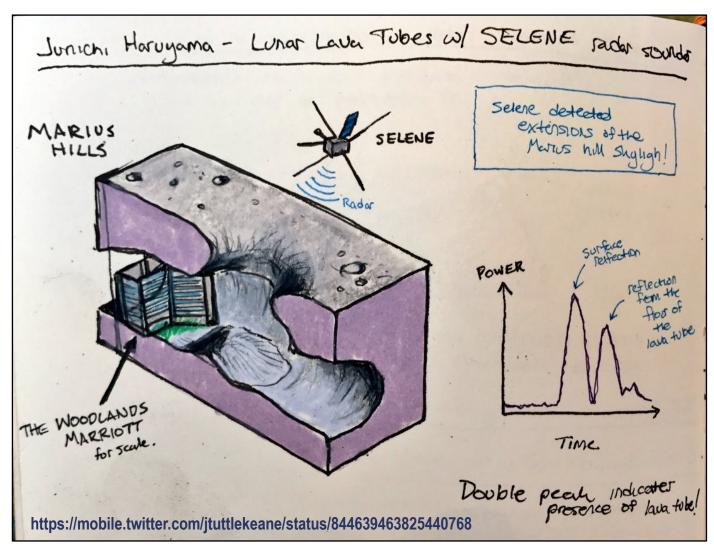


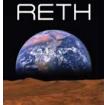
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Resilient ExtraTerrestrial Habitats

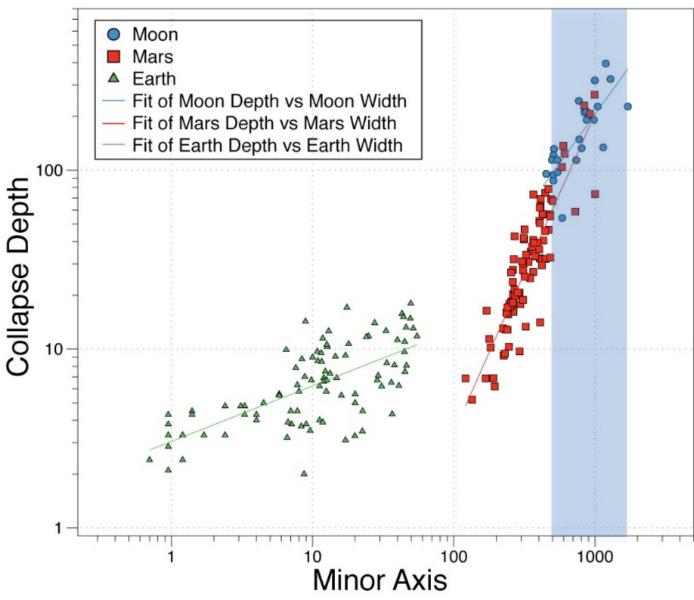
Large lava tubes on the Moon – independent confirmation





Radar detection of lava tubes, from Haruyama (2017)

Earth, Moon and Mars Lava Tubes

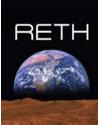




Sauro et al. (2018)

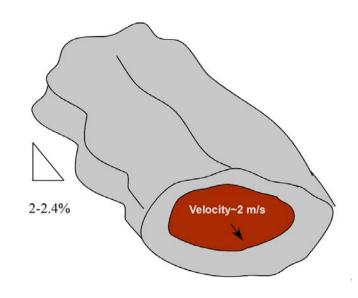
Valentine Cave, Tulelake, CA

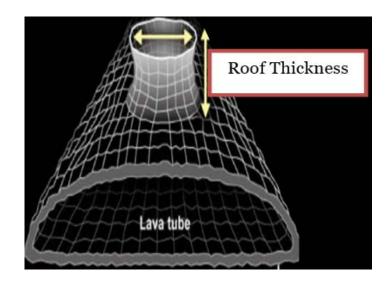


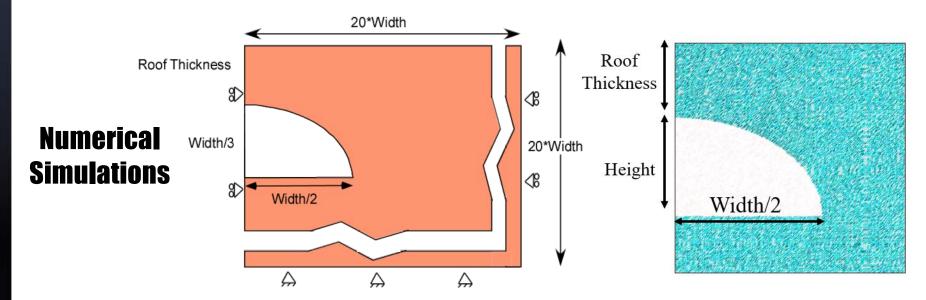


Size and Stability of Lava Tubes

Analytical Solution



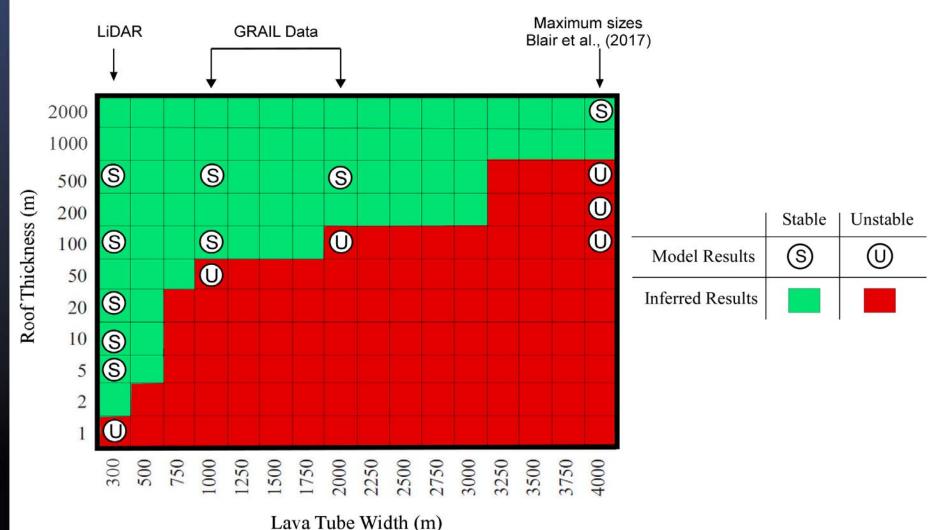






Size and Geometry: Structural Stability

Criteria: Convergence





RETH Institute

https://www.purdue.edu/RETH





Develop and demonstrate transformative smart autonomous habitats and related technologies that will adapt, absorb and rapidly recover from expected and unexpected disruptions to deep space habitat systems without fundamental changes in function or sacrifices in safety





