Veterinarians play a vital role in the healthcare of pets, livestock, zoo animals, and laboratory animals. They also protect humans against diseases carried by animals and research human and animal health problems.

Veterinarians take health histories of animals, perform and interpret tests, diagnose problems, prescribe medications, develop treatment plans, and perform surgeries. They specialize their care in a number of areas including large, small, food animal, laboratory animal, and exotic animal care.

Areas in need of more veterinarians include food animal safety and laboratory animal health.

Veterinarians help pet owners through difficult times, keep our food supply safe, and study diseases that often impact human populations.

Many veterinarians are also involved in homeland security issues to help prevent bioterrorist attacks and to protect our populations following one.

**Education & Licensure**

Veterinary programs are competitive as there are relatively few programs in the country. Competitive applicants are well-rounded students with leadership skills, research experience, and volunteer and shadowing experience.

Significant animal experience is generally expected including time supervised by a veterinarian in both small and large animal settings and time spent in other contact with animals while not supervised by a veterinarian.

Significant animal experience is expected including time supervised by a veterinarian in both small and large animal settings and time spent in other contact with animals. Keep a log of your time and experiences.

Prerequisite courses vary slightly between programs—research this early to be sure you have what you need for schools at which you want to apply.

Some schools will require a minimum grade of a C in required courses.

A Careers in Veterinary Medicine course should be taken if available. Purdue undergraduate students should plan on taking this course.

Veterinary programs appreciate rigor in undergraduate coursework. They expect to see you taking difficult courses.

**Common Prerequisite Courses** (required courses determined by each vet school but similar to this list)

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Requirements</th>
<th>Purdue Equivalents (specific courses may vary by major)</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Biology with labs</td>
<td>BIOL 11000-11100 or BIOL 13100 &amp; BIOL 23100 &amp; 23200 (lab) or BIOL 23000 &amp; upper level biology (including 2 hours of lab)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Microbiology with lab</td>
<td>BIOL 22100 or BIOL 43800 &amp; 43900</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Genetics (lab req. at some schools)</td>
<td>BIOL 24100 (BIOL 24200 lab) or AGRY 32000 (AGRY 32100 lab)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>General Chemistry with labs</td>
<td>CHM 11500-11600 or CHM 12500-12600 or CHM 12300-12400 or CHM 12901 (CHM 11500 credit exam recommended along with CHM 12901)* or CHM 13600</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Organic Chemistry with labs</td>
<td>CHM 25500-25600 or CHM 26100-26200 or CHM 26505-26605 or MCMP 20400-20500</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Biochemistry (no lab required)</td>
<td>BCHM 30700 or BCHM 56100 or CHM 33900 or CHM 43300 or MCMP 20800 (CHM 33300, CHM 53300)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Physics with labs</td>
<td>PHYS 22000-22100 or PHYS 23300-23400 or PHYS 17200 &amp; 27200 or PHYS 1720 &amp; 24100 (plus additional lab such as PHYS 25200) or ENGR 16100-16200*</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Statistics</td>
<td>STAT 30100 or STAT 50300 or PSY 20100* or SOC 38200*</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Communication</td>
<td>SCLA 10200* or COM 11400 or COM 21200 or COM 21400 or COM 21700</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Humanities &amp; Social Sciences</td>
<td>Courses from Foreign Language, Philosophy, Religious Studies, Anthropology, Sociology, Psychology</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>English Composition</td>
<td>ENGL 10600 or ENGL 10800 or SCLA 10100*; plus upper level writing or literature for some programs</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Careers in Vet Med</td>
<td>VM 10200</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Required at Some Programs</td>
<td>Algebra, Calculus, Animal Science, Animal Nutrition (ANSC 22100), Zoology, Psychology, Technical Writing</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Pre-Med Planning Seminar (optional)</td>
<td>BIOL 39600-0 credit 10 week class covering how to apply to medical school and other health professions programs</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

*Ask individual veterinary schools if they will accept these courses toward their requirements. Courses no longer available.

**Student Organization:** Pre-Veterinary Medical Association (Pre-Vet Club)
Preparing for your Giant Leap

Program Information

- Prerequisite chart https://www.aavmc.org/assets/site_18/files/vmcas/prereqchart.pdf
- Veterinary Medical School Admission Requirements (VMSAR) 2021 https://applytovetschool.org/

Applying

- Application is made through an online service called VMCAS the Veterinary Medical College Application Service sponsored by the AAVMC (the American Association of Veterinary Medical Colleges). https://www.aavmc.org/students-applicants-and-advisors/veterinary-medical-college-application-service.aspx
- Texas A&M uses a separate application, TMDSAS (Texas Medical and Dental School Application Service). https://tmdsas.com/
- Take the Graduate Record Exam (GRE) aptitude test for some schools (not required at Purdue). https://www.ets.org/gre
- Competitive applicants have:
  - Strong academic performance including a grade point average of 3.5 or better
  - Leadership, teamwork, and communication skills
  - Undergraduate research experience
  - Volunteer and shadowing/observation experiences as well as significant animal experience
  - Strong positive letters of recommendation (mostly from faculty and veterinarians)
- Early application is key. Although VMCAS has an absolute deadline, problems can occur ahead of this. The application opens in January and you have full access in May. You should submit within a month of it fully opening.

Fee Assistance

- VMCAS Fee Reimbursement Program https://www.aavmc.org/applicant-responsibilities/fees.aspx
- GRE Fee Reduction Program https://www.ets.org/gre/revised_general/about/fees/reductions/

Employment Outlook


Diversity Matters

The veterinary profession needs professionals who look just like you, and who share your life experiences. Race or ethnicity, LGBTQ+ identity, disability, age, geographic region, socioeconomic status, social and cultural identity, and nationality add to a richer experience for all students in the veterinary school classroom, contribute to the veterinary profession, and ultimately lead to better outcomes for patients.

Programs in the Region

- Purdue University School of Veterinary Medicine West Lafayette, IN https://www.purdue.edu/vet/dvm/ready-to-apply.php
- University of Illinois Urbana, IL https://vetmed.illinois.edu/education/doctor-veterinary-medicine-degree/admissions/
- Ohio State University Columbus, OH https://vet.osu.edu/education/dvm-admissions

More Information

- American Association of Veterinary Medical Colleges (AAVMC) https://www.aavmc.org/
- TMDSAS (for applications to Texas A&M) https://www.tmdsas.com/

Other Careers to Consider

Physician · Public Health (including veterinary public health) · Veterinary Nurse (Veterinary Technology) · Dentistry · Chiropractic Medicine · Physical Therapy · Orthotics & Prosthetics

If trained in dentistry, chiropractic medicine, orthotics/prosthetics, or physical therapy, you can often complete additional training and apply these skills to animal health.