# Numbers and Strings 

HORT 530
Lab 9
Instructor: Kranthi Varala

## Today's pairs

| Pair\#1 | Pair\#2 | Pair\#3 | Pair\#4 | Pair\#5 | Pair\#6 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Brenden, <br> Mithila | Scott, <br> Maria | Chris, <br> Rachel | Emily, <br> Freddie | Meredith, <br> Hui | Xiaohui, <br> Sharlene |

## Python command line

- Open an SSH connection to scholar.rcac.purdue.edu and at the command line type in python

```
kvarala@scholar-fe02:~ $ python
Python 2.7.5 (default, Nov 16 2020, 22:23:17)
[GCC 4.8.5 20150623 (Red Hat 4.8.5-44)] on linux2
Type "help", "copyright", "credits" or "license" for more information.
```

>>>

- You are now in a shell for python2 (default on Linux)
- Press Ctrl+d to exit.


## Python3 command line

- At the command line type in python3

```
kvarala@scholar-fe02:~ $ python3
Python 3.6.8 (default, Nov 16 2020, 16:55:22)
[GCC 4.8.5 20150623 (Red Hat 4.8.5-44)] on linux
Type "help", "copyright", "credits" or "license" for more information.
>>>
```

- You are now in a shell for python3 (available on most Linux machines).
- You can type python statements in here and they will be executed immediately.


## Working with numbers

```
>>> A=10 ఒ Object created
>>> B=20 Object created
>>> type(A) _ Identify class
<class 'int'>
>>> type(B)
<class 'int'>
>>> C=a/B
Case-sensitive names
Traceback (most recent call last):
    File "<stdin>", line 1, in <module>
NameError: name 'a' is not defined
>>> C=A/B
>>> type(C)
<class 'float'>
```

>>>

## Arithmetic operators

- Multiplication
- Division
- Addition
- Subtraction
- Exponent
- Modulus
- Floor
- Increment
- Decrement
* 

/
$+$
-
**
\%
//
+=
-=

## Math module

>>> import math
>>> dir(math)
['__doc_-', '__file_-', '__loader__', '__name_-', '__package__', '__spec_', 'ac os', 'acosh', 'asin', 'asinh', 'atan', 'atan2', 'atanh', 'ceil', 'copysign', 'co $s^{\prime}, ~ ' c o s h ', ~ ' d e g r e e s ', ~ ' e ', ~ ' e r f ', ~ ' e r f c ', ~ ' e x p ', ~ ' e x p m 1 ', ~ ' f a b s ', ~ ' f a c t o r i a l ', ~$ 'floor', 'fmod', 'frexp', 'fsum', 'gamma', 'gcd', 'hypot', 'inf', 'isclose', 'is finite', 'isinf', 'isnan', 'ldexp', 'lgamma', 'log', 'log10', 'log1p', 'log2', modf', 'nan', 'pi', 'pow', 'radians', 'sin', 'sinh', 'sqrt', 'tan', 'tanh', 'tau ', 'trunc']
>>> help(math)
Help on module math:

## NAME

math

## DESCRIPTION

This module is always available. It provides access to the mathematical functions defined by the C standard.

## FUNCTIONS

$\operatorname{acos}(. .$.
$\operatorname{acos}(x)$
Return the arc cosine (measured in radians) of $x$.
$\operatorname{acosh}(. .$.
$\operatorname{acosh}(x)$
Return the inverse hyperbolic cosine of $x$.

## Calculate the following

- Average of $(5,15,12)$
-4!
-12+2*5
- 12+2/5
- $\log _{2}$ (average $(5,15,12)$ )
- Circumference and area of a circle with a radius of 15


## Print the following

>>> print(myStr)
$\star$
$\star \star$
$\star \star \star$
$\star \star \star *$
$\star \star \star \star \star$
>>> print(myStr2)
$\star \star \star \star \star$
$\star \star \star \star$
$\star \star *$
$\star \star$
$\star$

What is the length of each of these strings?


## String functions

- Using the strings you created explore the following string functions:
- rstrip()
- count()
- find()
- replace()
- index()
- rindex()
- splitines()

