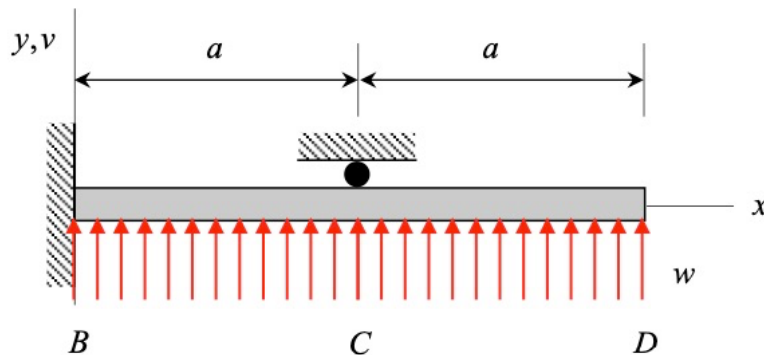


Consider the loading on the beam shown below where the beam is fixed to a wall at B and a roller support at C. Using integration techniques, determine the reaction on the beam at C and the displacement of end D of the beam. In your work, explicitly show the following steps:

- a) Draw FBD of beam and write down the equilibrium equations for the beam. Is this a determinate problem?
- b) Make a mathematical cut in beam between B and C (at a location " $x$ ").
  - i. Draw an FBD of the beam between B and the cut at " $x$ ".
  - ii. Determine the bending moment,  $M(x)$ , in the beam at " $x$ ".
  - iii. Integrate  $M(x)$  to find  $\theta(x)$ .
  - iv. Integrate  $\theta(x)$  to find  $v(x)$ .
  - v. Evaluate the reaction on the beam at C.
- c) Make a mathematical cut in the beam between C and D. Repeat Steps i.-iv. above to find  $\theta(x)$  and  $v(x)$  for " $x$ " between C and D.
- d) Evaluate  $v(2a)$ .



### 1. Equilibrium - ext. reactions

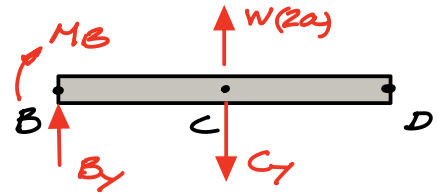
$$\sum M_B = -C_y a + (2Wa)a - M_B = 0$$

$$(1) \hookrightarrow M_B = 2Wa^2 - C_y a$$

$$\sum F_y = 2Wa - C_y + B_y = 0$$

$$(2) \hookrightarrow B_y = C_y - 2Wa$$

2 equations / 3 unknowns  $\Rightarrow$   
INDETERMINATE



### 2. Load/deformation

• Section BC:

$$\sum M_H = -M_B + M - Wx\left(\frac{x}{2}\right) - B_y x = 0$$

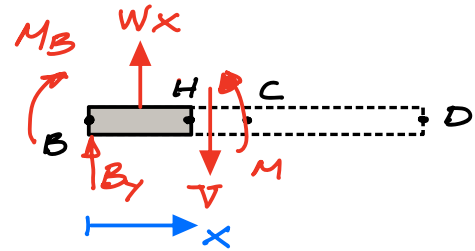
$$\hookrightarrow M(x) = M_B + B_y x + \frac{1}{2} Wx^2$$

$$\therefore \theta(x) = \underbrace{\theta(0)}_{\text{wall}} + \frac{1}{EI} \int_0^x (M_B + B_y x + \frac{1}{2} Wx^2) dx$$

$$= \frac{1}{EI} (M_B x + \frac{1}{2} B_y x^2 + \frac{1}{6} Wx^3)$$

$$V(x) = \underbrace{V(0)}_{\text{wall}} + \int_0^x \frac{1}{EI} (M_B x + \frac{1}{2} B_y x^2 + \frac{1}{6} Wx^3) dx$$

$$= \frac{1}{EI} (\frac{1}{2} M_B x^2 + \frac{1}{6} B_y x^3 + \frac{1}{24} Wx^4)$$



### 3. Compatibility: enforce boundary conditions on deflection function

$$V_C = V(a) = 0 = \frac{1}{EI} (\frac{1}{2} M_B a^2 + \frac{1}{6} B_y a^3 + \frac{1}{24} W a^4)$$

$$(3) \hookrightarrow 12M_B + 4B_y a + Wa^2 = 0$$

### 4. Solve

(1) and (2) into (3):

$$12(2Wa^2 - C_y a) + 4(C_y - 2Wa)a + Wa^2 = 0$$

$$\hookrightarrow (12a - 4a)C_y = 17Wa^2$$

$$\hookrightarrow C_y = \frac{17}{8} Wa$$

$$(1) \Rightarrow M_B = 2Wa^2 - (\frac{17}{8} Wa)a = -\frac{1}{8} Wa^2$$

$$(2) \Rightarrow B_y = \frac{17}{8} Wa - 2Wa = \frac{1}{8} Wa$$

$C_y$

$M_B$

$B_y$