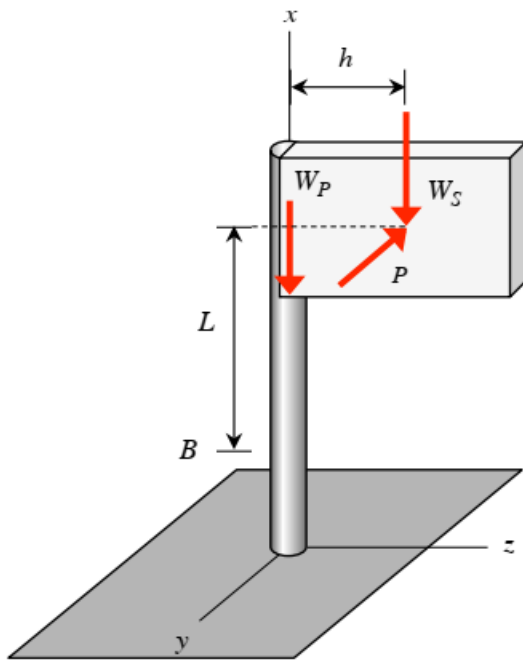
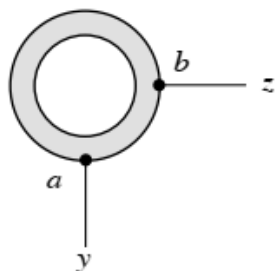
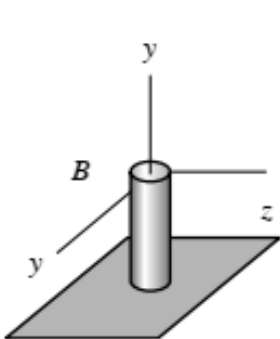
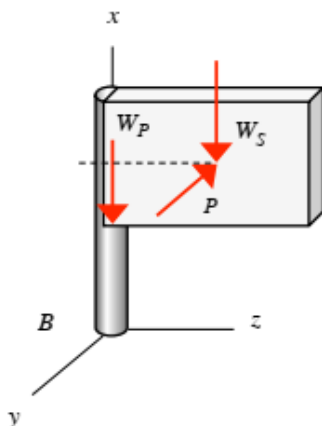


Example 14.12

Wind blowing on a sign produces a resultant force P in the $-y$ direction at the point indicated. The support pole for the sign weighs W_P and the sign weighs W_S . The pole is a pipe with outer and inner diameters of d and d_i , respectively. Determine the principal stresses at points a and b on the outer surface of the pole at location B along the pole's length.



- Determine the state of stress on the stress elements located at points a and b. (**Ch14: combined loading**)
- Draw the Mohr's circle and determine the principal stresses and angle of principal stress. Which point has a larger absolute maximum shear stress? (**Ch13: stress transformations**)
- The pole is made of a polymer with a yield strength of 9500 psi. Have the material elements failed at either point "a" or point "b"? (**Ch15: Failure methods**)



pipe cross section at B

$$W_P = 160 \text{ lb}$$

$$W_S = 125 \text{ lb}$$

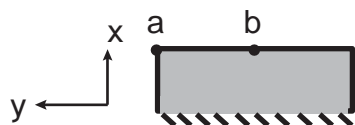
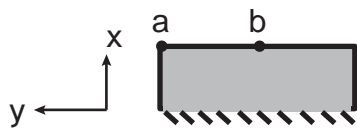
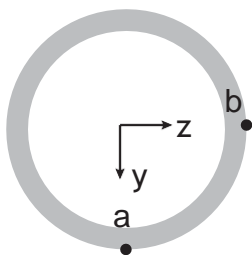
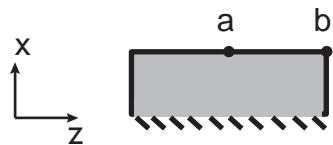
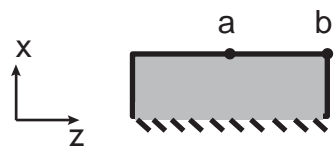
$$P = 75 \text{ lb}$$

$$h = 40 \text{ in}$$

$$L = 220 \text{ in}$$

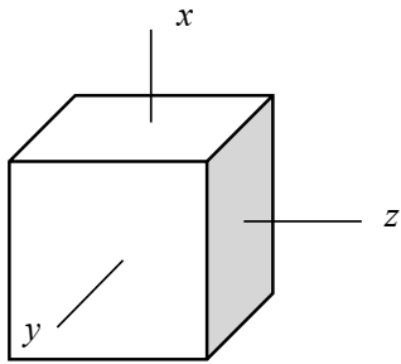
$$d_o = 3.5 \text{ in}$$

$$d_i = 3.068 \text{ in}$$

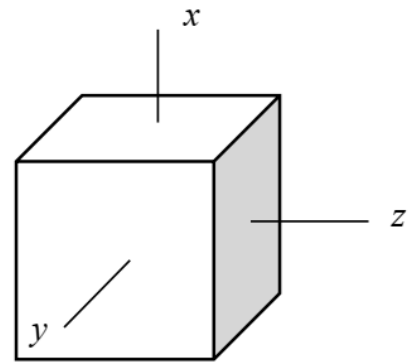


Force	a	b

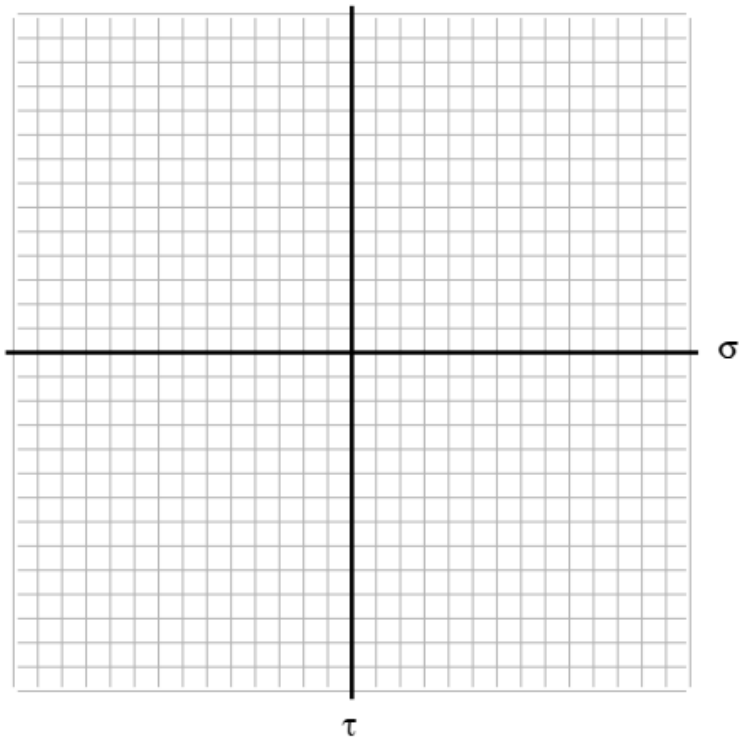
stress element at “a”



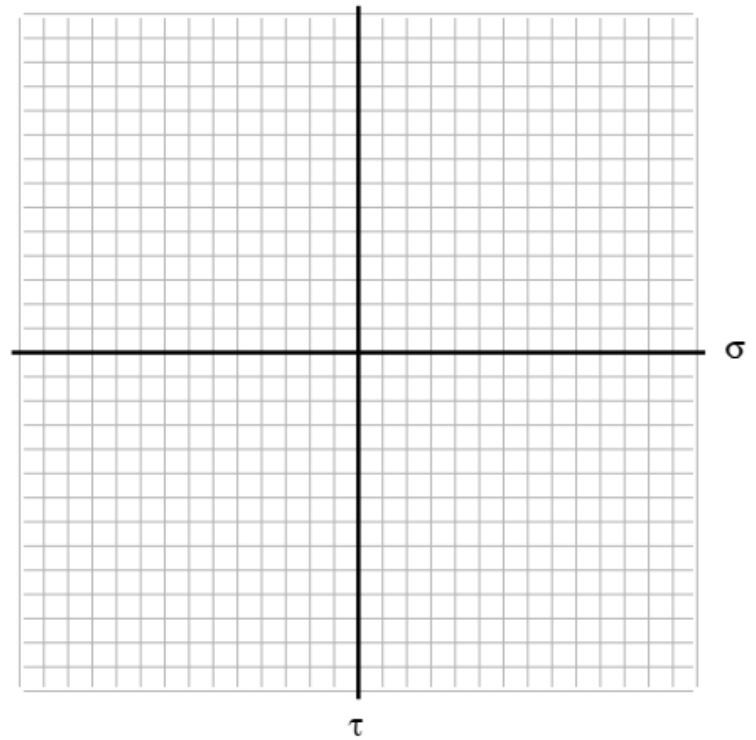
stress element at “b”

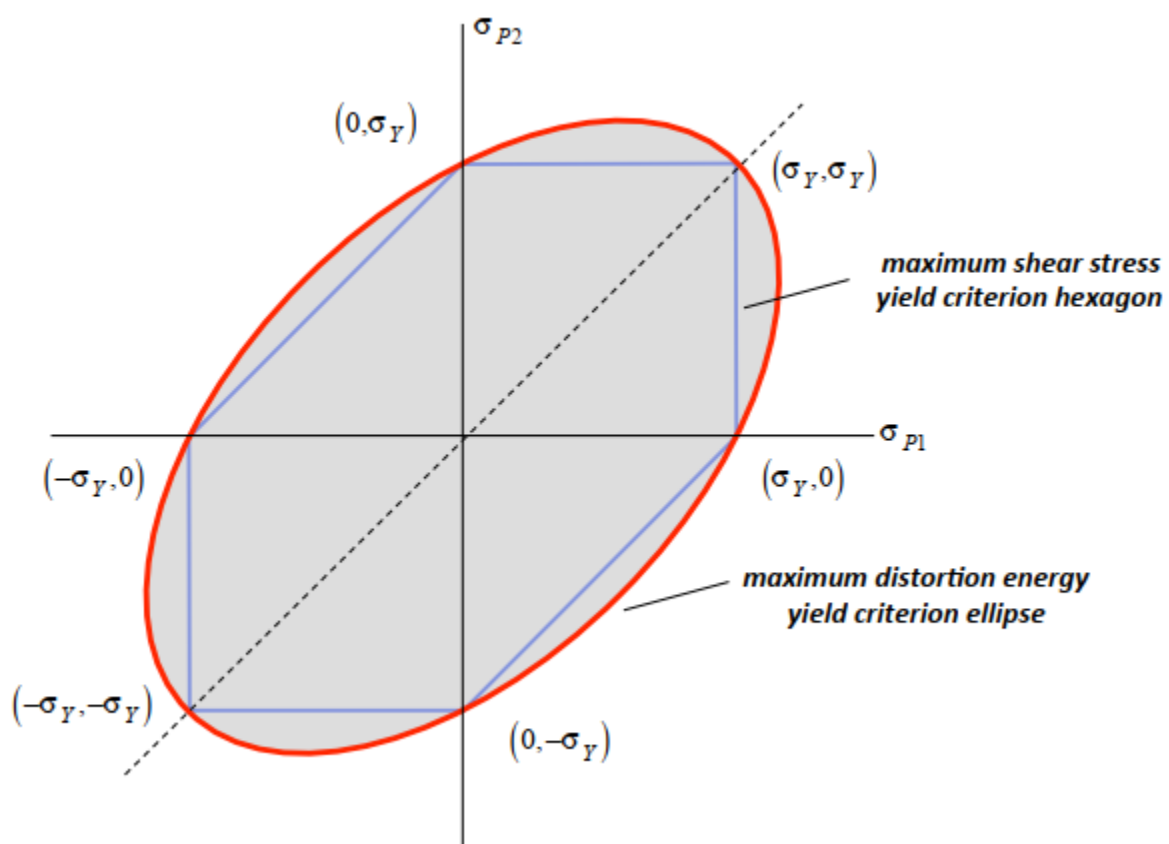


Mohr's circle at "a"



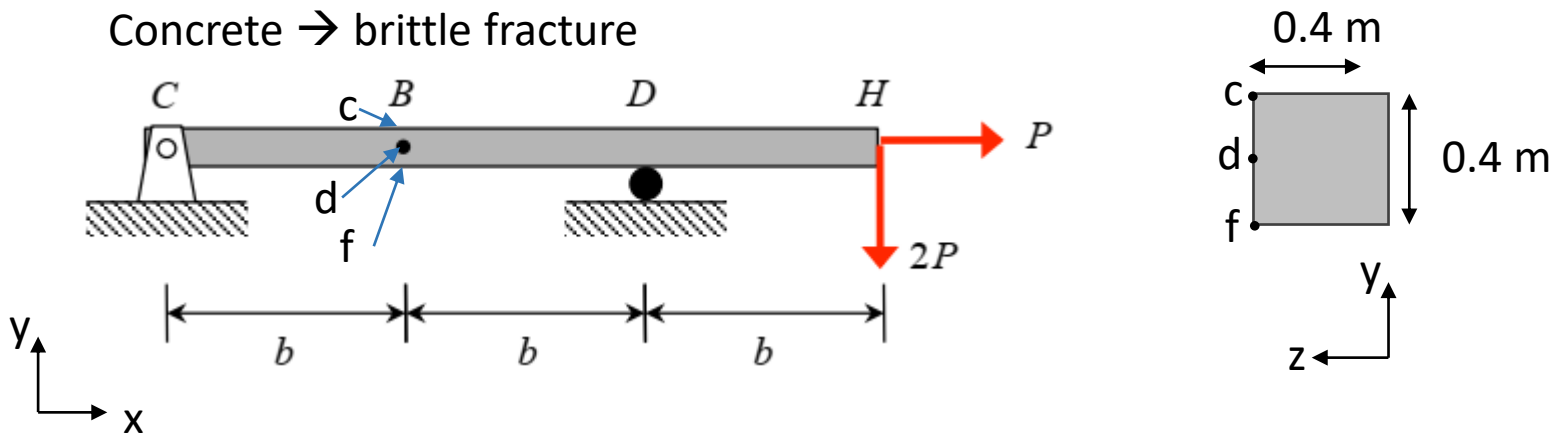
Mohr's circle at "b"





Example 14.5

An with a second area moent of I is subjected to axial and transverse loads at its right end. Determine the principal stresses in the beam at B.

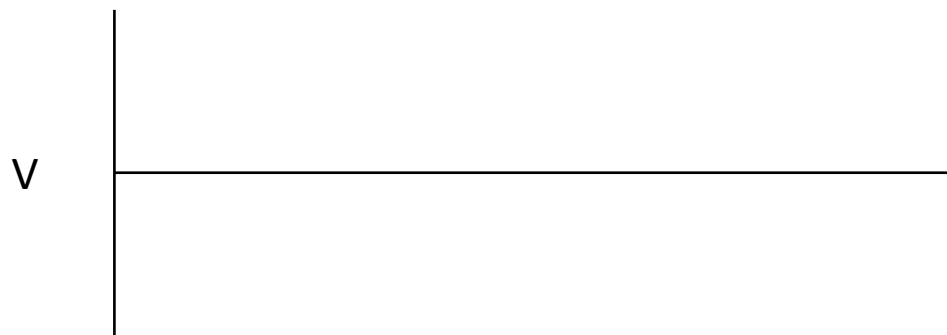


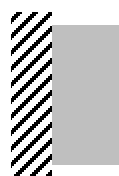
$$b = 5\text{ m}$$

$$\sigma_{UC} = 20\text{ MPa}$$

$$\sigma_{UT} = 3\text{ MPa}$$

- (A) Draw the shear force and bending moment diagrams that result from the transverse load $2P$.
- (B) Determine the reactions at B.
- (C) Draw the stress elements at points c, d, and f.
- (D) Will the materials at points c, d, or f fail when $P = 6.4\text{ kN}$?
- (E) If the direction of axial force P is reversed (becomes compressive), will failure occur?

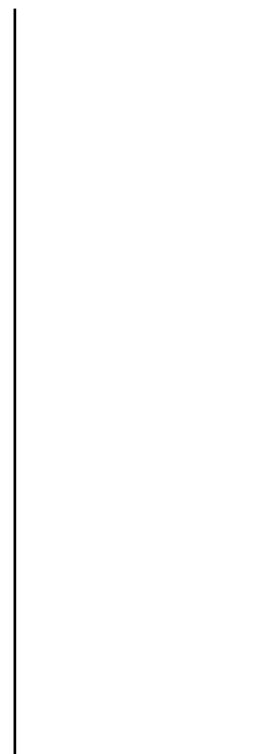




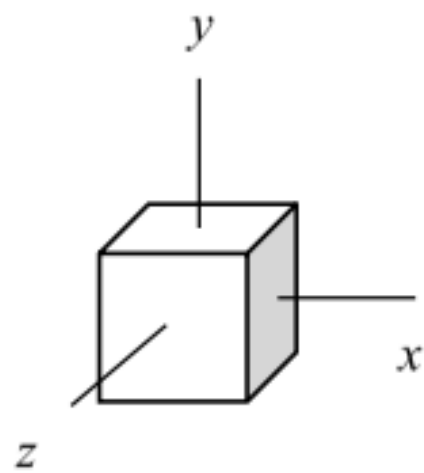
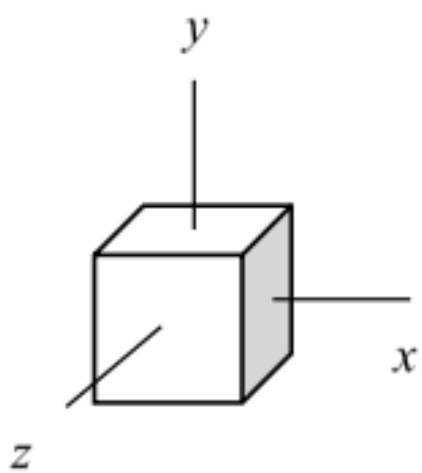
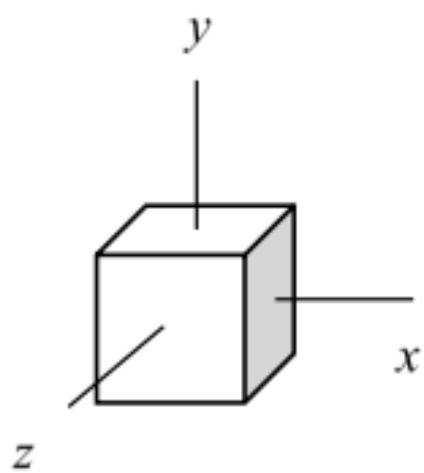
c

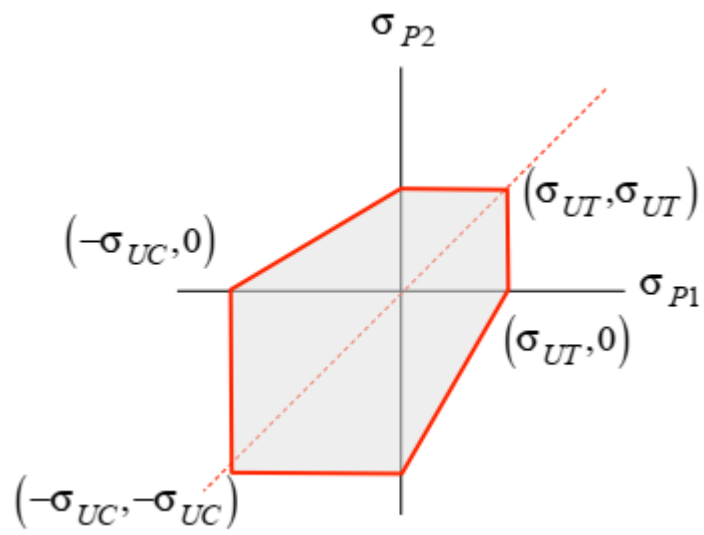
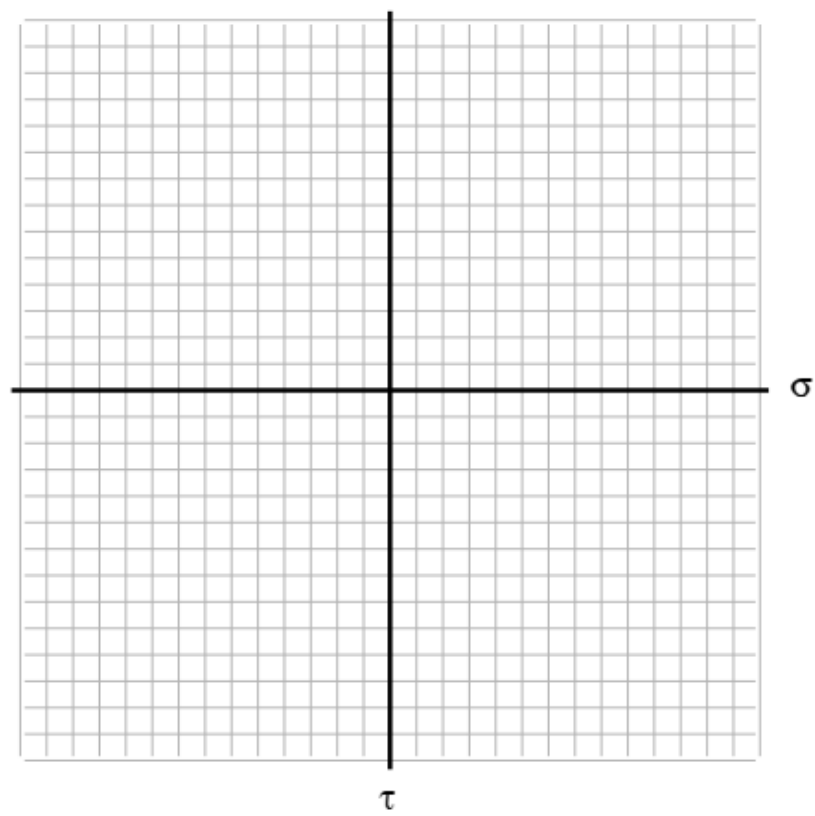


d



f



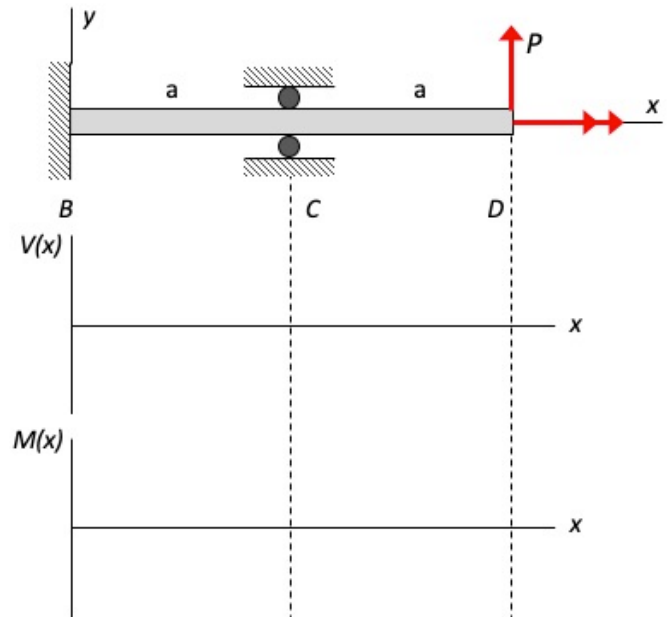


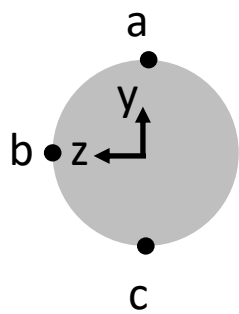
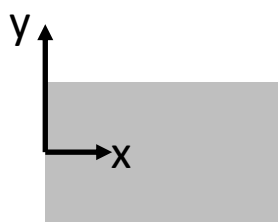
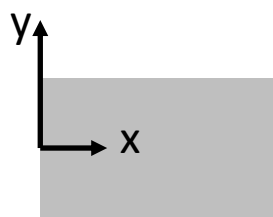
Quiet Week Example No. 1

The propped-cantilevered beam shown has a circular cross-section (of radius r), and is made of a ductile material having a Young's modulus of E and yield strength of σ_Y . The beam has a transverse load P and an axial torque T applied at the free end D, where $T = Pr$. Here we are asked to determine the factor of safety against yielding on either the top or lower surfaces of the beam. In this solution, anticipate the following steps:

- i. Equilibrium analysis
- ii. Deflection analysis (for finding external reactions in indeterminate structures)
- iii. Internal resultant analysis (including shear force/bending moment diagrams)
- iv. Location and description of the critical state of stress
- v. Mohr's circle for the critical state of stress
- vi. Failure analysis

SOLUTION

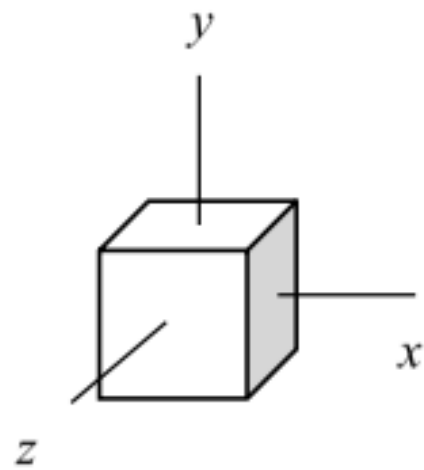
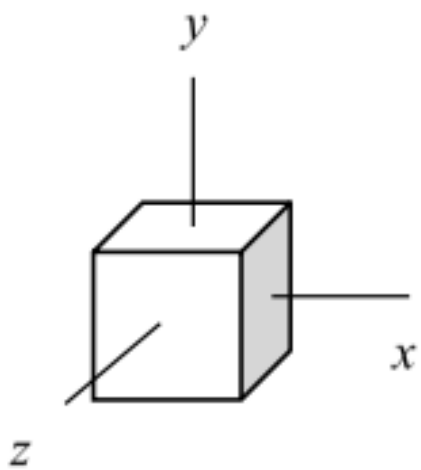
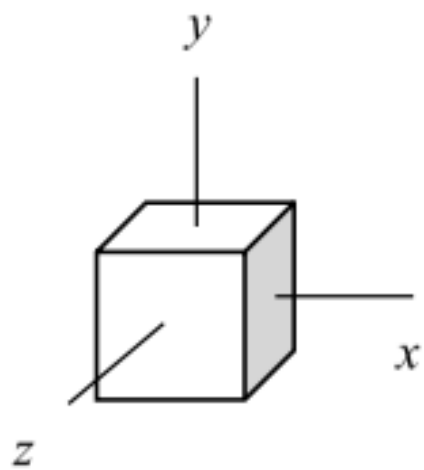
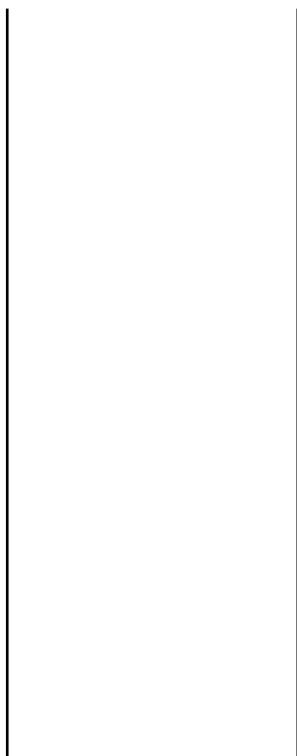


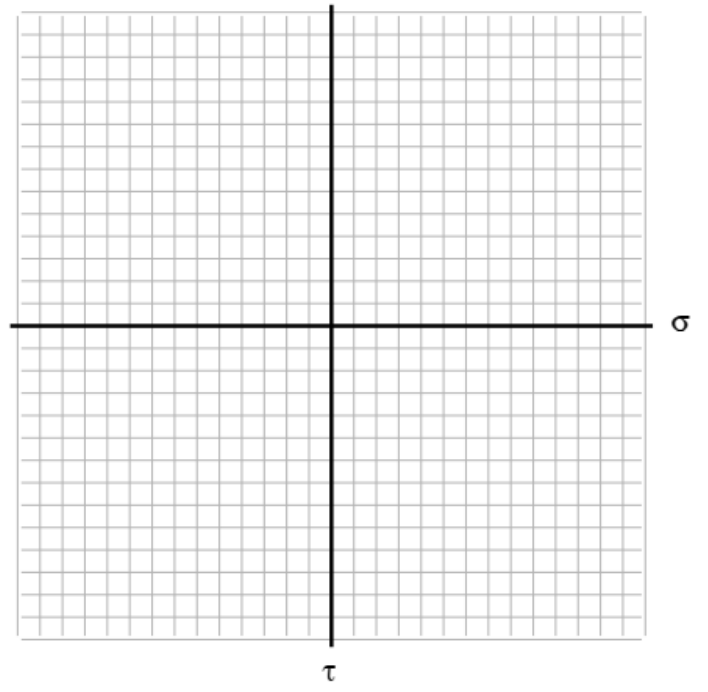
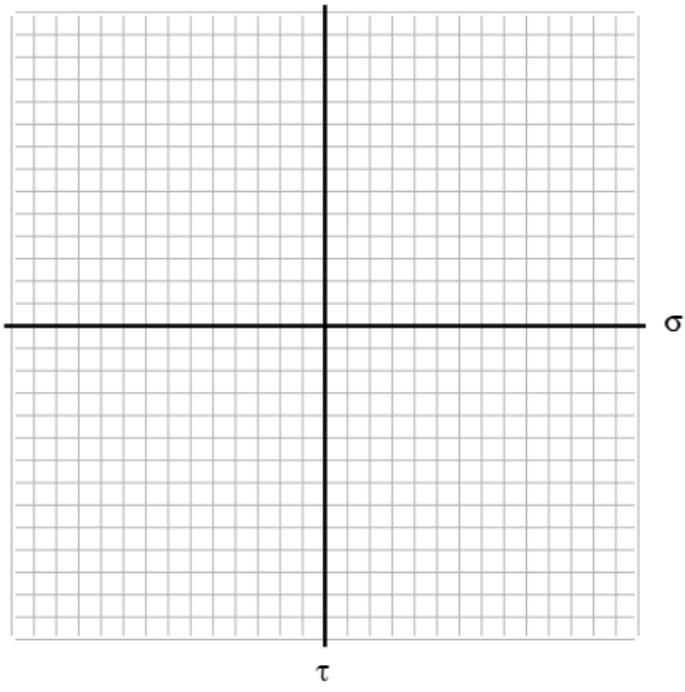


a

b

c



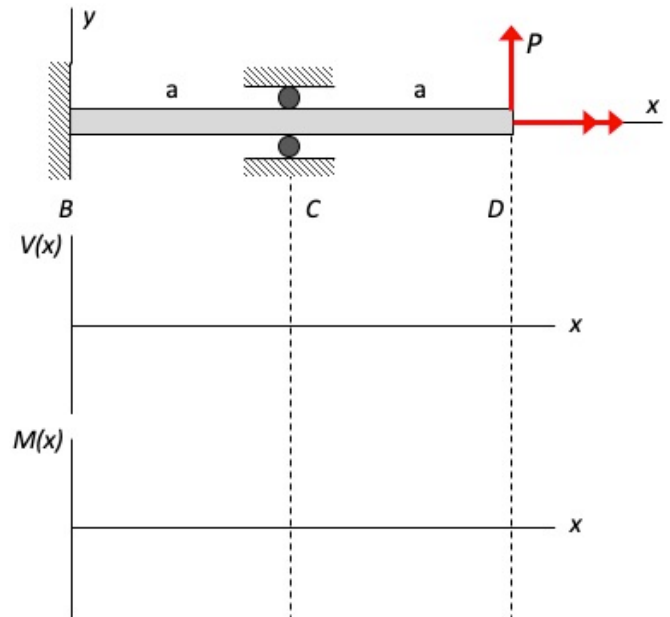


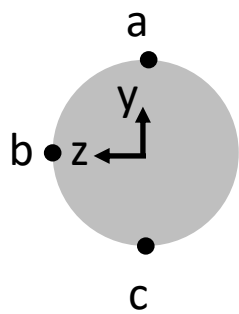
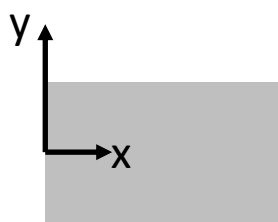
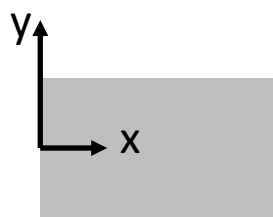
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SOLUTION





a

b

c

