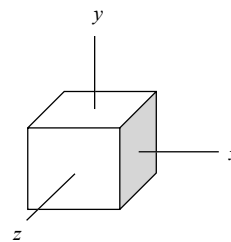
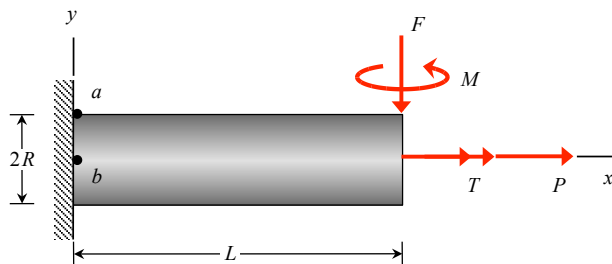


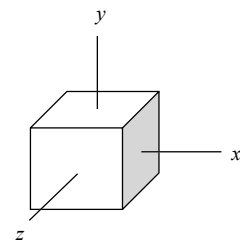
A circular cross-sectioned shaft having an outer radius of  $R$  and length  $L$  is acted upon by forces  $F$  and  $P$ , and an axial torque  $T$  at its right end. The material of the shaft (aluminum alloy 2014-T6) is ductile and has a yield strength of  $\sigma_Y$  (see the tables in Chapter 2 for the numerical values of the yield strength of this material).

- Determine the stress components at points “a” and “b” in the shaft, where “a” is on the top surface of the shaft along the  $y$ -axis, and “b” is on the front surface of the shaft along the  $z$ -axis. Show these components on the stress elements provided below. Leave your answers in terms of the variables defined here in the problem statement.
- Compute the *numerical* values for the principal components of stress and the absolute maximum shear stress at point “a”.
- Compute the *numerical* value for the yielding factors of safety at point “a” using the maximum shear stress (MSS) theory.
- Compute the *numerical* value for the yielding factors of safety at point “a” using the maximum distortional energy (MDE) theory.

For your numerical answers, use the following:  $P = 2 \text{ kN}$ ,  $F = 500 \text{ N}$ ,  $T = 600 \text{ N-m}$ ,  $R = 20 \text{ mm}$  and  $L = 1.5 \text{ m}$ .



stress element  
for point “a”



stress element  
for point “b”