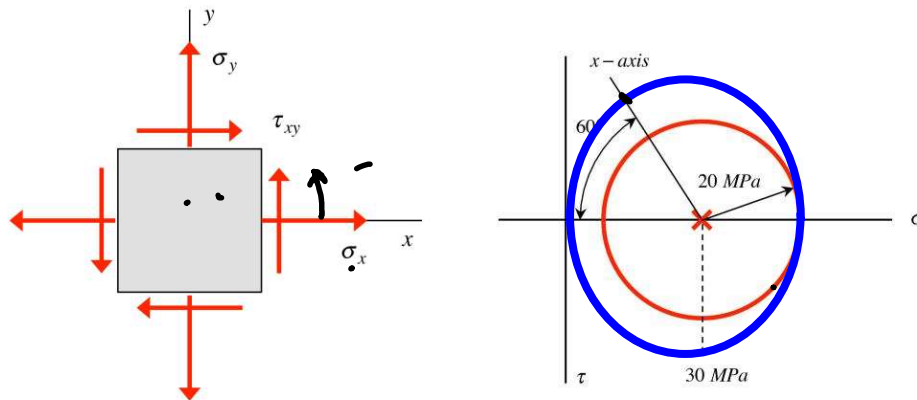


Example 13.8



The Mohr's circle for a stress state is presented above.

- Show the locations of the y-axis in the Mohr's circle above.
- Determine the principal stresses and the absolute maximum shear stress for this state.
- Determine the values for σ_x , σ_y and τ_{xy} of this stress state.

b)

$$\tau_{avg} = 30 \text{ MPa}$$

$$R = 20 \text{ MPa}$$

$$\sigma_{p1} = 30 + 20 = 50 \text{ MPa}$$

$$\sigma_{p2} = 30 - 20 = 10 \text{ MPa}$$

$$\tau_{max, abs} = \frac{50}{2} = 25 \text{ MPa}$$

$$\cos(2\theta) = \frac{(\tau_{avg} - \tau_x)}{R}$$

$$\tau_x = \tau_{avg} - R \cos(2\theta)$$

$$\tau_x = 30 - 20 \cos(60^\circ) = 20 \text{ MPa}$$

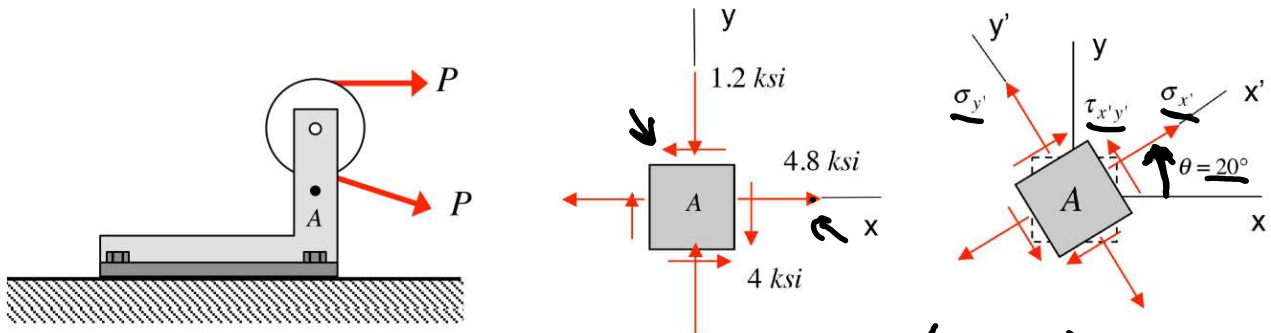
$$\tau_y = 30 + 10 = 40 \text{ MPa}$$

$$\tau_{xy} = -R \sin(60^\circ) = -20 \left(\frac{\sqrt{3}}{2} \right)$$

Example 13.9

Consider the loaded pulley bracket shown below.

- Determine $\sigma_{x'}$, $\sigma_{y'}$ and $\tau_{x'y'}$ corresponding to $\theta = 20^\circ$.
- Determine the principal stresses and maximum in-plane shear stress, along with the corresponding rotation angles.



$$b) \tau_{avg} = \frac{\sigma_x + \sigma_y}{2} = \frac{4.8 + 1.2}{2} = 1.8 \text{ ksi}$$

$$R = \sqrt{\left(\frac{\sigma_x - \sigma_y}{2}\right)^2 + \tau_{xy}^2}$$

$$R = \sqrt{\left(\frac{4.8 - 1.2}{2}\right)^2 + 4^2} = 5 \text{ ksi}$$

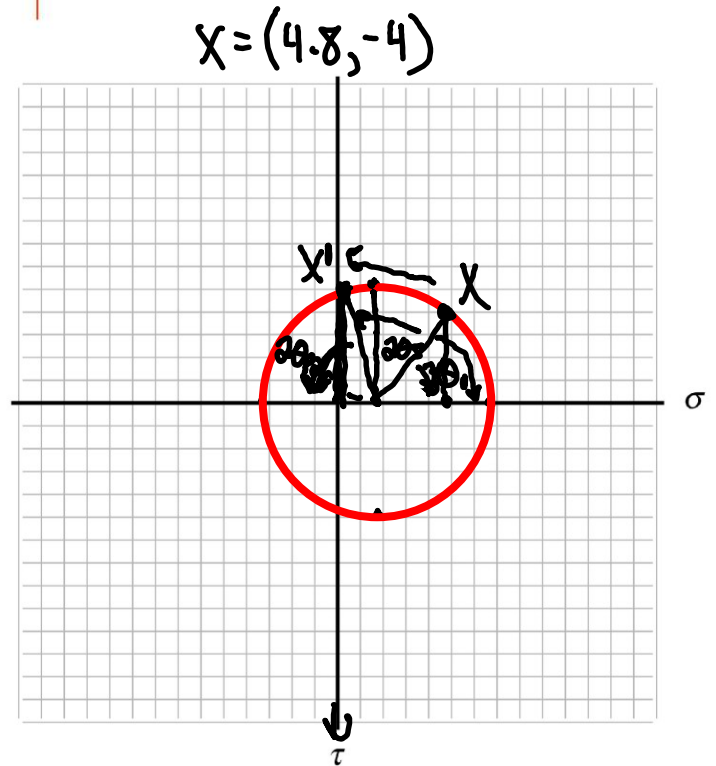
$$\sigma_{p1} = 1.8 + R = 6.8 \text{ ksi}$$

$$\sigma_{p2} = 1.8 - R = -3.2 \text{ ksi}$$

$$2\theta_{p1} = \sin^{-1}\left(\frac{4}{5}\right) = 53^\circ$$

$$2\theta_{p2} = 180 - 2\theta_{p1} - 40^\circ = 87^\circ$$

$$\sin(2\theta_{p2}) = \frac{\tau_{xy}}{R} \Rightarrow \tau_{xy} = -4.99 \text{ ksi}$$



$$1 = 1$$

$$\sigma_{x1} = \tau_{avg} - \cos(2\theta_{p2}) R \Rightarrow \sigma_{x1} = 1.53 \text{ ksi}$$