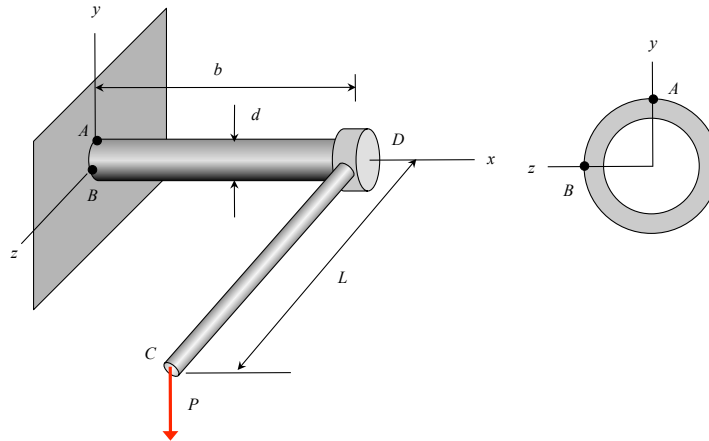


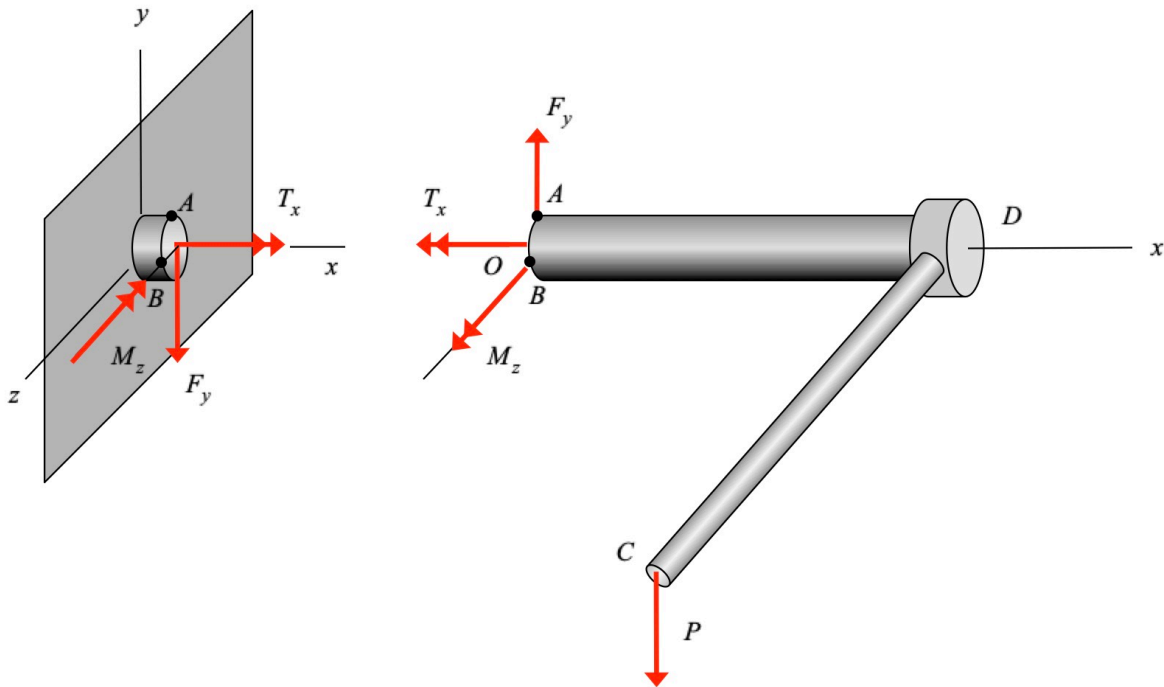
Example 14.4 - SOLUTION

A vertical force of P is applied to the end of a pipe wrench CD, whose handle is parallel to the z -axis. The pipe has an outer diameter of d and wall thickness of t . Determine the principal stresses at points A and B on the cross section of the pipe.



SOLUTION

Equilibrium



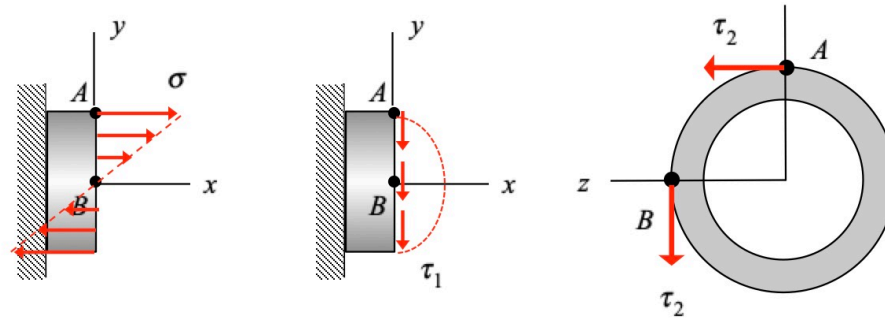
$$\sum F_y = -P + F_y = 0 \Rightarrow F_y = P$$

$$\begin{aligned} \sum M_O &= -T_x \hat{i} + M_z \hat{k} + \vec{r}_{C/O} \times \vec{P} = \vec{0} \\ &= -T_x \hat{i} + M_z \hat{k} + (b\hat{i} + L\hat{k}) \times (-P\hat{j}) \\ &= (-T_x + PL)\hat{i} + (M_z - Pb)\hat{k} \Rightarrow \end{aligned}$$

$$\hat{i}: T_x = PL$$

$$\hat{k}: M_z = Pb$$

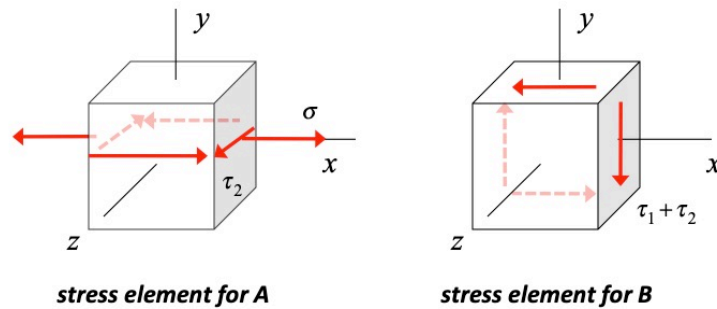
Stress distributions



Stresses at A and B

<i>internal resultant</i>	<i>stress @ A</i>	<i>stress @ B</i>
F_y	0	$\tau_1 = \frac{F_y Q}{I t} = \frac{P Q}{I t}$
T_x	$\tau_2 = \frac{T_x (d/2)}{2 I_P} = \frac{P L d}{2 I_P}$	$\tau_2 = \frac{T_x (d/2)}{2 I_P} = \frac{P L d}{2 I_P}$
M_z	$\sigma = \frac{M_z (d/2)}{I} = \frac{P b d}{2 I}$	0

Stress elements for A and B



Principal stresses

$$\text{At A: } \sigma_{ave} = \frac{\sigma}{2} = \frac{P b d}{4 I} ; \quad R = \sqrt{\left(\frac{\sigma}{2}\right)^2 + \tau_2^2} = \sqrt{\left(\frac{P b d}{4 I}\right)^2 + \left(\frac{P L d}{2 I_P}\right)^2} ; \quad \sigma_{p1,2} = \sigma_{ave} \pm R$$

$$\text{At B: } \sigma_{ave} = 0 ; \quad R = \sqrt{0 + (\tau_1 + \tau_2)^2} = \left(\frac{Q}{I t} + \frac{L d}{2 I_P}\right) P ; \quad \sigma_{p1,2} = \pm R$$