Summary: general stresses in beams

• *General loading*: For a typical point on a beam crosssection there are two components of stress:

> flexural stress: $\sigma = -\frac{My}{I}$ shear stress: $\tau = \frac{VA^*\overline{y}}{It}$

- *Stress distributions*: Each component varies over the height dimension *y* (measured from neutral plane):
 - The flexural stress σ varies linearly in y, with σ taking on a value of zero at the neutral axis and maximum magnitude values at the top and bottom surfaces. The top and bottom locations are of opposite signs (tension and compression).
 - The distribution of the shear stress τ depends on the shape of the cross-section. τ is zero at the top and bottom surfaces, always. The maximum magnitude of τ occurs at (or near) the neutral axis. <u>The direction of τ is governed</u> <u>only by the direction of V.</u>







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