## Lecture 2 summary: normal stress and strain

- LOADING: Axial loading on a straight structural member.
- STRAIN AND STRESS:

$$\sigma_x = \frac{dF}{dA} \implies F = \int_A \sigma_x dA$$

$$\varepsilon_x = \frac{\Delta L}{L_0}$$

LINEAR RANGE OF STRAINS:

$$\sigma_{x} = E\varepsilon_{x}$$

$$\varepsilon_{y} = \varepsilon_{z} = -v\varepsilon_{z}$$

FAILURE:
 Yielding strength?
 Ultimate strength?
 Fracture strength?



