



ME 274: Basic Mechanics II

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Quiz #6

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Questions from Prof. James Gibert and Information adapted from “DYNAMICS: A Lecturebook”

By Charles M. Krousgrill, Jeffrey F. Rhoads

Question #1

$$U_{12}^{nc} = \int -F ds = -\mu_k mg \cos \theta s$$

- Block P slides a distance of s down a rough incline, where μ_s and μ_k are the static and kinetic coefficients of friction, respectively. Choose the response below that accurately describes the work done by friction on the block, $U_{1 \rightarrow 2}^{(f)}$.

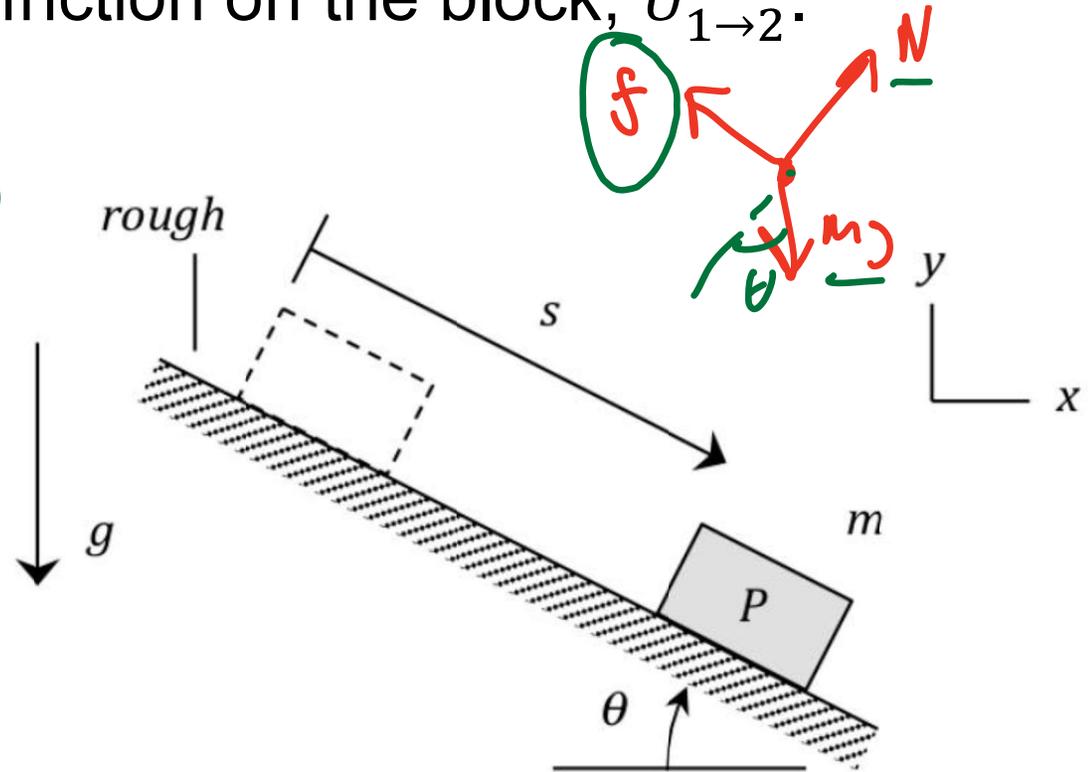
(a) ~~$U_{1 \rightarrow 2}^{(f)} = +\mu_s mg \cos \theta$~~

(b) $U_{1 \rightarrow 2}^{(f)} = -\mu_k mg \cos \theta$

(c) ~~$U_{1 \rightarrow 2}^{(f)} = -\mu_s mg \cos \theta$~~

(d) ~~$U_{1 \rightarrow 2}^{(f)} = +\mu_s mgs$~~

(e) $U_{1 \rightarrow 2}^{(f)} = +\mu_k mg s \sin \theta$

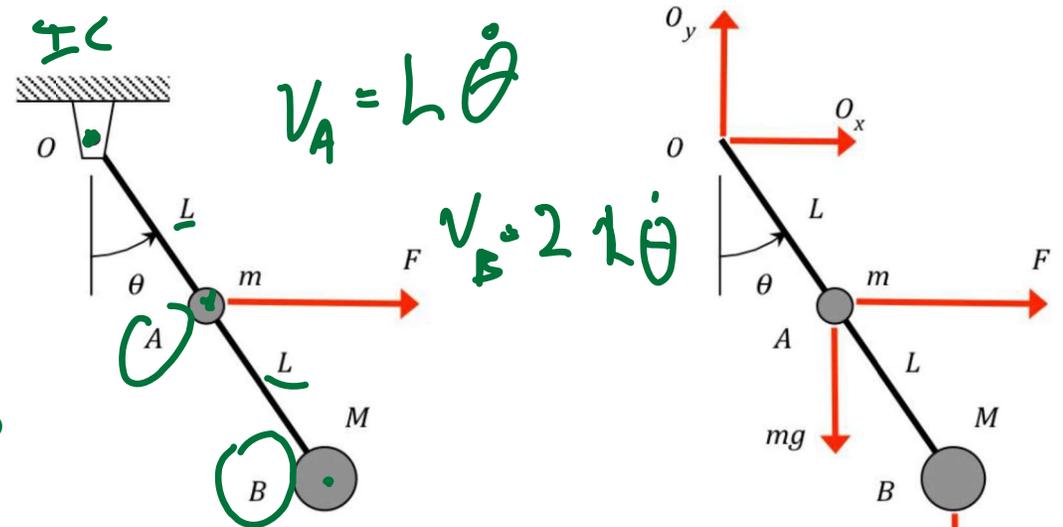




Question #2

• Particles A and B (having masses of m and M , respectively) are attached to rigid bar OB (with the mass of OB being negligible). A constant, horizontal force F acts to the right on particle A. A FBD of the system made up of A, B and OB is also shown. For the system being released from rest when $\theta = 0$, it is desired to know the speed of particle B as a function of the angle θ . For the system shown, select the correct response below that represents the kinetic energy, T , of the system.

- (a) $T = \frac{1}{2} mL^2 \dot{\theta}^2$
- (b) $T = \frac{1}{2} M (2L)^2 \dot{\theta}^2$
- (c) $T = \frac{1}{2} (m + M) L^2 \dot{\theta}^2$
- (d) $T = \frac{1}{2} (m + 4M) L^2 \dot{\theta}^2$
- (e) none of the above



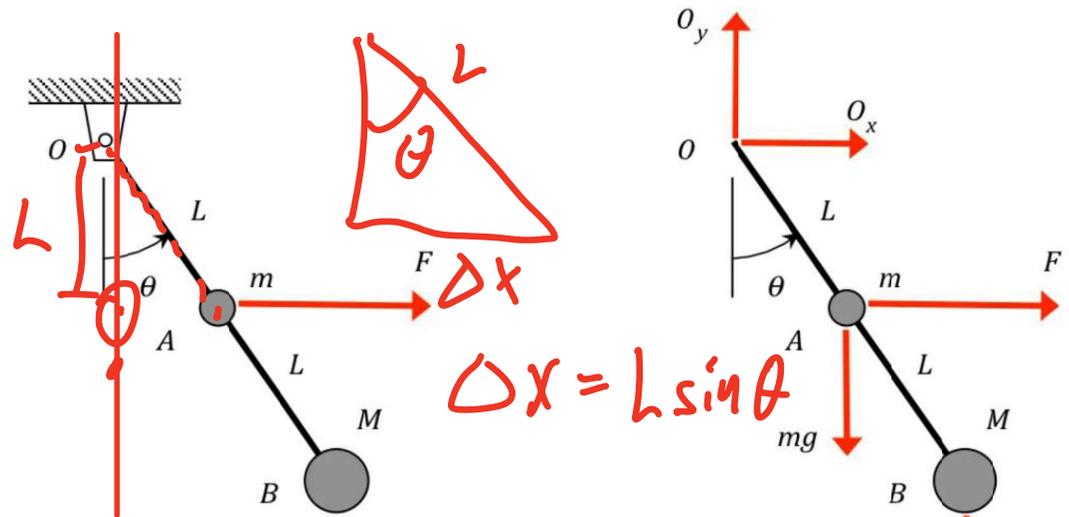
$$T = \frac{1}{2} m v_A^2 + \frac{1}{2} M v_B^2 = \frac{1}{2} m (L^2 \dot{\theta}^2) + \frac{1}{2} M (4L^2 \dot{\theta}^2) = \frac{1}{2} (m + 4M) L^2 \dot{\theta}^2$$

Question #3

$$V_{12}^n = \int F ds$$

- Same problem as in Question 2. Choose the correct response below that represents the work done by the force F , $U_{1 \rightarrow 2}^{(F)}$, in moving bar OB to an arbitrary angle of $\theta > 0$.

- (a) $U_{1 \rightarrow 2}^{(F)} = 0$
- (b) $U_{1 \rightarrow 2}^{(F)} = FL \sin(\theta)$
- (c) $U_{1 \rightarrow 2}^{(F)} = -FL \sin(\theta)$
- (d) $U_{1 \rightarrow 2}^{(F)} = FL \cos(\theta)$
- (e) None of the above



$$V_{12}^F = \int F ds = \int F_x dx + \int F_y dy = F \int dx = F \Delta x$$

$$U_{12}^F = FL \sin \theta$$



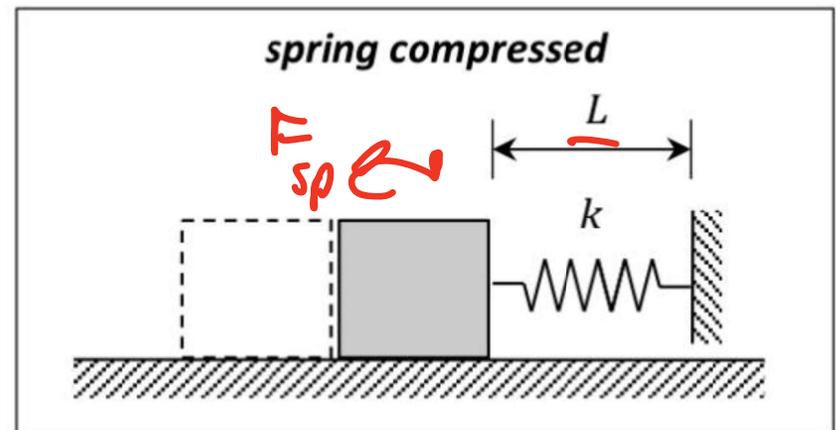
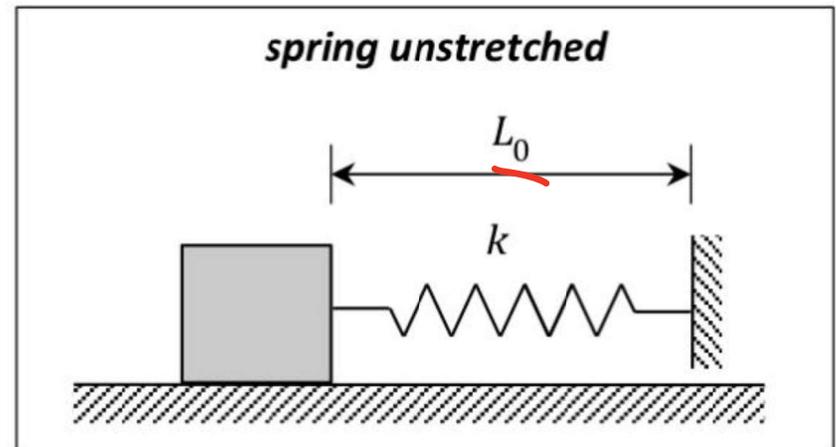
Question #4

- A spring of stiffness k and with an unstretched length of L_0 has been compressed to the point that the spring has a length of L , where $L < L_0$. Choose the response below that accurately describes the potential energy, V , of the spring in this compressed state.

- (a) $V = 0$
- (b) $V = -\frac{1}{2}kL^2$
- (c) $V = +\frac{1}{2}kL^2$
- (d) $V = +\frac{1}{2}k(L - L_0)^2$
- (e) None of the above

$$V = \frac{1}{2}k(L - L_0)^2$$

$$(L_0 - L)^2$$





Question #5

$$U_{12}^{nc} = \int \mathbf{F} \cdot d\mathbf{s} = \int F_x dx + \int F_y dy$$

- What is the definition that best describe of work done on an object by a constant force?
 - (a) force times displacement
 - (b) force times displacement where the force and displacement are in the same direction
 - (c) force times velocity
 - (d) force times duration in time
 - (e) none of the above