



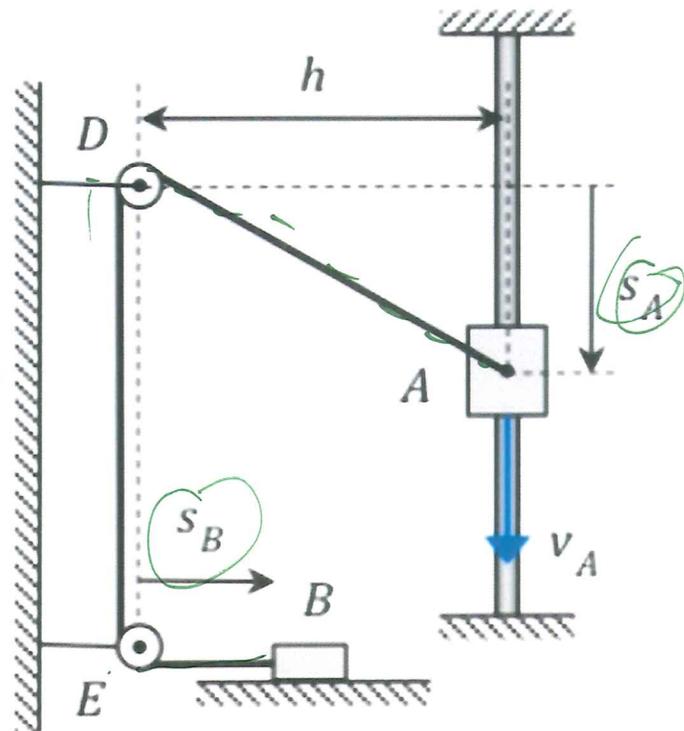
Question #1

- Blocks A and B are connected by an inextensible cable. Assume that the pulleys over which the cable is pulled are small. Block A is moving downward with a speed of v_A . Let v_B represent the speed of block B. Indicate below the most accurate description of the relative sizes of the speeds of blocks A and B:

- (a) $v_A > v_B$
- (b) $v_A = v_B$
- (c) $v_A < v_B$
- (d) Not enough information

$$L = s_B + C + \sqrt{h^2 + s_A^2} = C h^2 + s_A^2)^{1/2}$$

$$0 = \frac{ds_B}{dt} + \frac{2s_A}{2\sqrt{h^2 + s_A^2}} \frac{ds_A}{dt} \quad \frac{s_A}{\sqrt{h^2 + s_A^2}} < 1$$





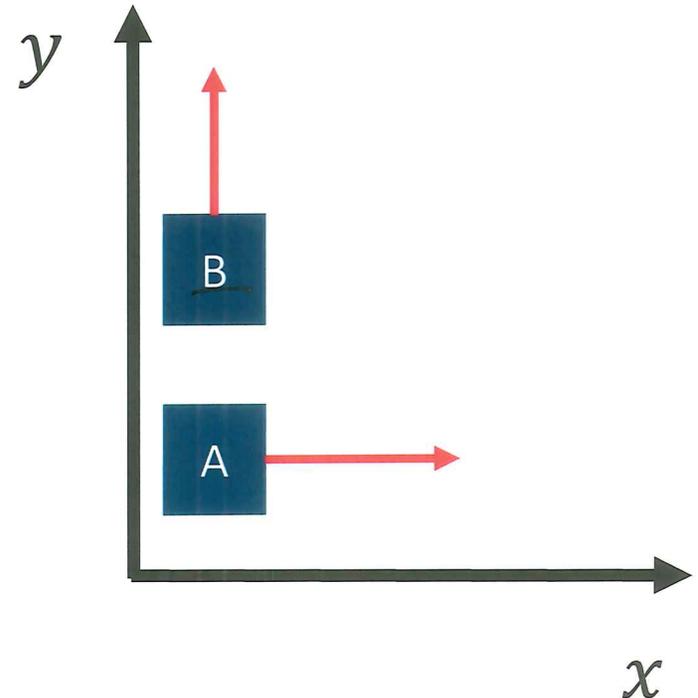
Question #2

- Block B is traveling in the +y direction at a speed v_B while block A is traveling in the +x direction at a speed v_A according to a fixed observer. What is the velocity of A relative to B?

- (a) $\vec{v}_{A/B} = v_A \hat{i}$
- (b) $\vec{v}_{A/B} = -v_B \hat{j}$
- (c) $\vec{v}_{A/B} = v_A \hat{i} + v_B \hat{j}$
- (d) $\vec{v}_{A/B} = v_A \hat{i} - v_B \hat{j}$

$$\vec{v}_{A/B} = \vec{v}_A - \vec{v}_B$$

$$\vec{v}_{A/B} = v_A \hat{i} - v_B \hat{j}$$

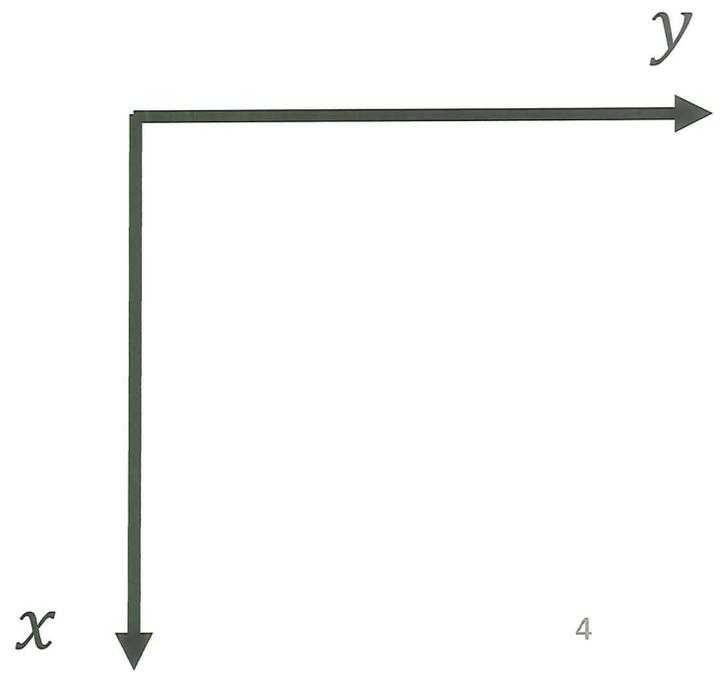




Question #3

- Using the coordinate system shown mark the answer that indicates the direction of positive \hat{k} and direction of positive rotation.
 - (a) \hat{k} out of page, clockwise rotation +
 - (b) \hat{k} into page, clockwise rotation +
 - (c) \hat{k} out of page, CCW rotation +
 - (d) \hat{k} into page, CCW rotation +

$$\hat{i} \times \hat{j} = \hat{k}$$
$$\begin{vmatrix} \hat{i} & \hat{j} & \hat{k} \\ 1 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 & 0 \end{vmatrix} = \hat{k}$$

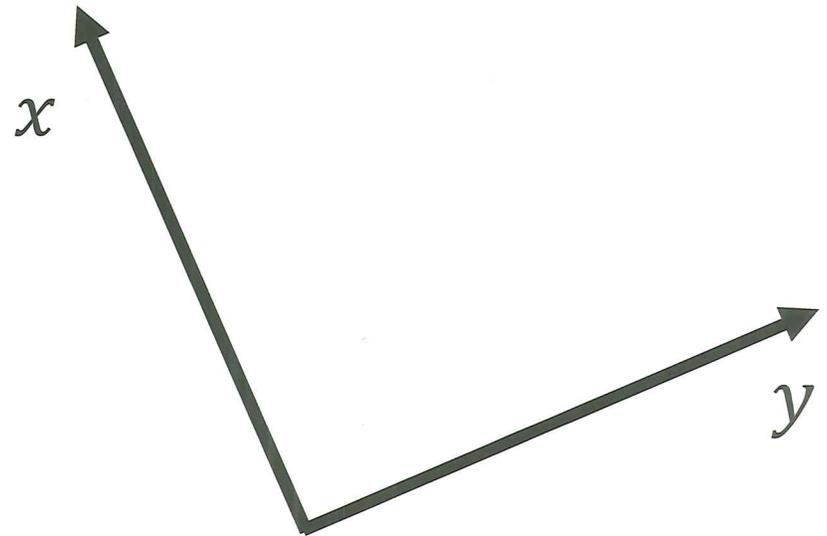




Question #4

- Using the coordinate system shown mark the answer that indicates the direction of positive $\hat{\mathbf{k}}$ and direction of positive rotation.
 - (a) ~~$\hat{\mathbf{k}}$ out of page, clockwise rotation +~~
 - (b) $\hat{\mathbf{k}}$ into page, clockwise rotation +
 - (c) ~~$\hat{\mathbf{k}}$ out of page, CCW rotation +~~
 - (d) $\hat{\mathbf{k}}$ into page, CCW rotation +

$$\hat{i} \times \hat{j} = \hat{k}$$



Question #5

- If the radius, R , of the track is 10 m find the length the car travels from A to B for the following.

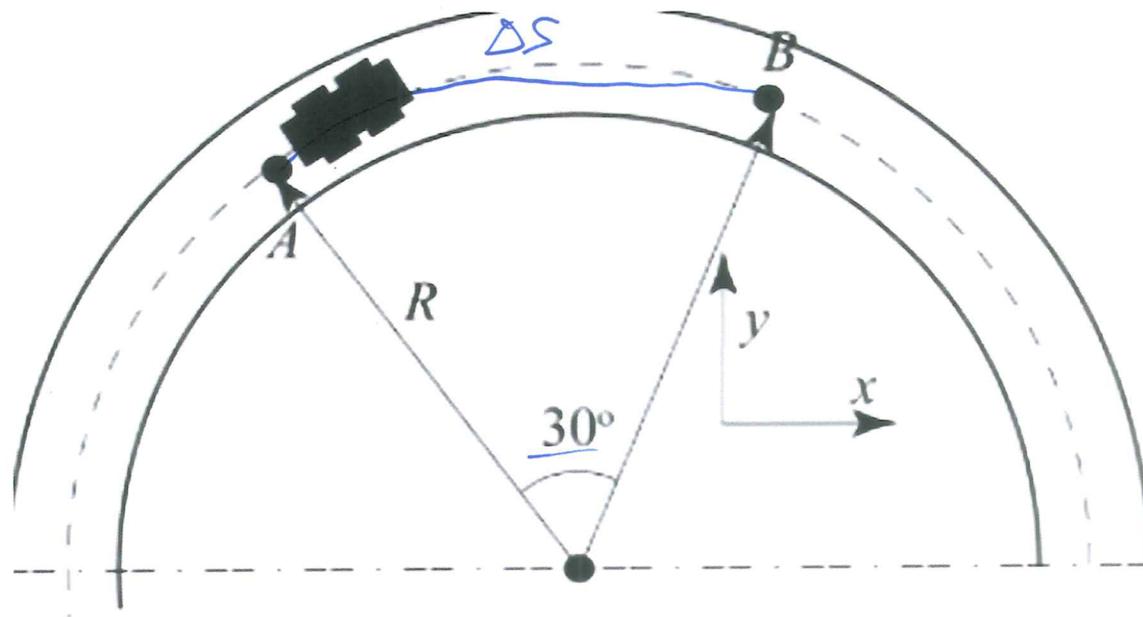
(a) 300 m

(b) 5.24 m

(c) 30 m

(d) 1.66 m

(e) Not enough info



$$\Delta s = R \Delta \theta = 10 \text{ m} (30^\circ) \cdot \frac{\pi \text{ rad}}{180^\circ}$$