# Novel Simulation of Controlled and Uncontrolled Blood Pressure Device 

${ }^{1}$ Abigail Hancock, BS FYE, ${ }^{2}$ Denny Yu, PhD, ${ }^{3}$ Brittany A. Oliver, PharmD Student, ${ }^{3}$ Marjorie Anne T. Guillermo, PharmD Student,<br>INDUSTRIAL<br>${ }^{4}$ Julie D. Bolinger, PharmD, BC-ADM, ${ }^{5}$ Emily Blanchard, ${ }^{3}$ Kimberly S. Plake, PhD, RP<br>ENGINEERING ${ }^{1}$ Purdue University ${ }^{2}$ School of Industrial Engineering, Purdue University $\quad{ }^{3}$ College of Pharmacy, Purdue University ${ }^{4}$ Fort Wayne Custom Rx, Fort Wayne, IN ${ }^{5}$ William Henry Harrison High School<br>One in three American adults (67 million people) suffer from high blood pressure, and approximately half of patients with hypertension have uncontrolled blood pressure leading to costs of about $\$ 46$ billion annually for health care services, medications, and loss of productivity at work. ${ }^{1}$ Adherence to antihypertensives is generally poor, contributing to the number of patients not managing their high blood pressure. ${ }^{2}$ Educating patients about high blood pressure and the role that medications and lifestyle changes play is critical to improving patient understanding and management of high blood pressure.

## Aims

- Educate people on the dangers of high blood pressure and to stress the importance of medication adherence and living a healthy lifestyle
- Use an interactive device to help demonstrate the effects of high blood pressure on the heart
- Assess the effectiveness of a blood pressure teaching device on educating individuals on high blood pressure and its impact on health.


## Materials and Methods

## Participants

- Recruited at health screening events through the American Pharmacists Association Academy of Student Pharmacists (APhA-ASP)


## Study Procedure

- Participants were randomized to high blood pressure education with or without the device.
- Both groups received education verbally and visually about basic blood pressure readings, risk factors, complications and options to improve health outcomes.
- A seven item survey was utilized to assess knowledge of and attitudes regarding hypertension management prior to and after education.


## Statistical Analysis

- Pre and post scores for each item were compared for each of the groups using Wilcoxon Signed Ranks Test.
- Mann Whitney U test was performed on the difference scores of each item to compare the control and treatment.


## Discussion \& Conclusion

- To the authors' knowledge, this is the only known device to physically simulate controlled and uncontrolled blood pressure.
- Device used at the Jane Pauley Community Health Center, Indianapolis, during Hypertension Education classes. Determined to be anecdotally effective in demonstrating difference between healthy and unhealthy hearts.
- Analysis of results has indicated that the device has a positive affect on heart education comprehension
- By providing individuals with a tangible model of the heart's pumping process, the novel educational device has potential to enhance knowledge and empower patients with better understanding of concepts associated with hypertension.
- Future research with College of Nursing for diversity in participants. Evaluation should also include items assessing the efficacy of education using the device and its effect on adherence to blood-pressure medications.
- Collaborate with the American Heart Association and offer the tool for use by other health educators.


## References

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