



2014 Indiana Renewable Resources Study

Presented by:

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Presented to:

Interim Study Committee on Energy, Utilities, and Telecommunications
Indiana General Assembly

September 23, 2014



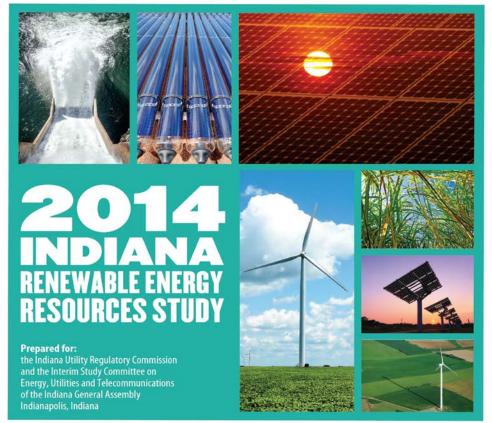


State Utility Forecasting Group (SUFG)





September 2014

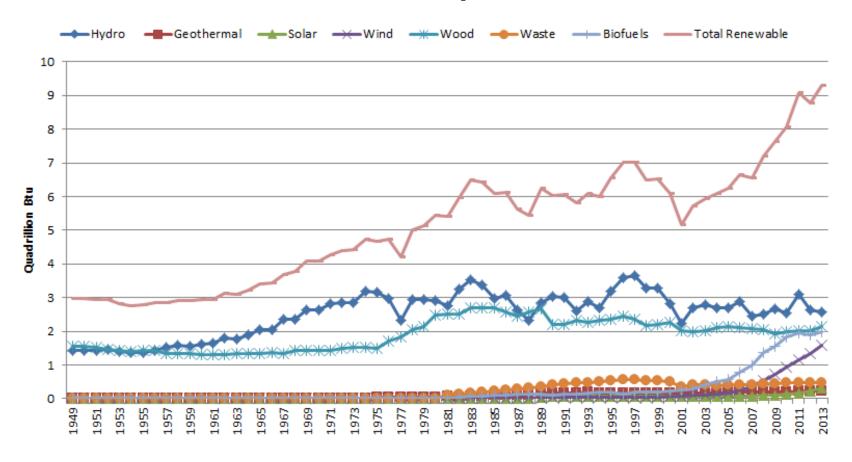


State Utility Forecasting Group | Energy Center at Discovery Park | Purdue University | West Lafayette, Indiana





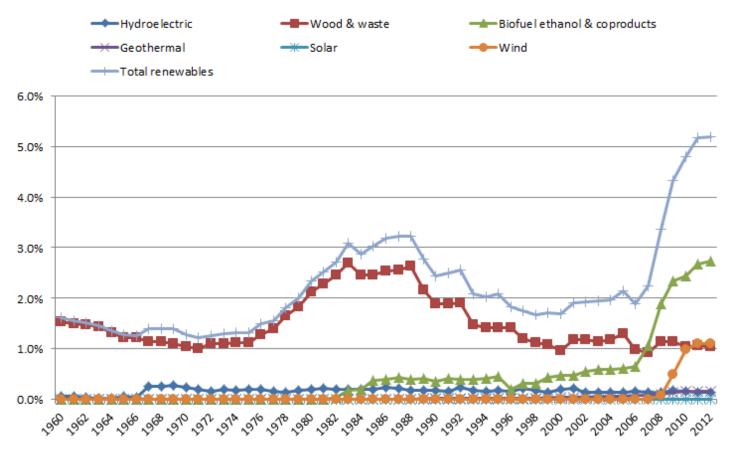
Renewables Share of U.S. Energy Consumption







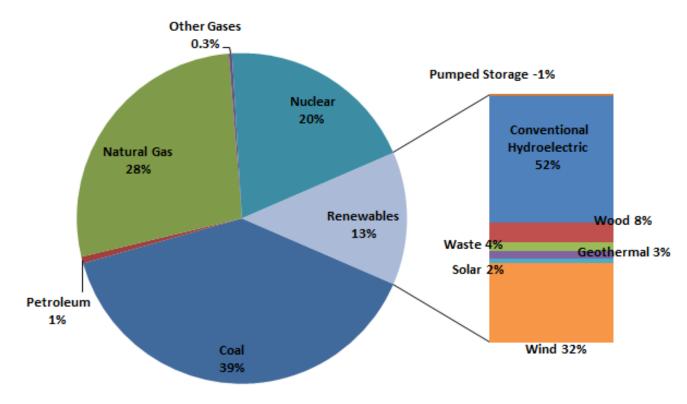
Renewables Share of Indiana Energy Consumption¹







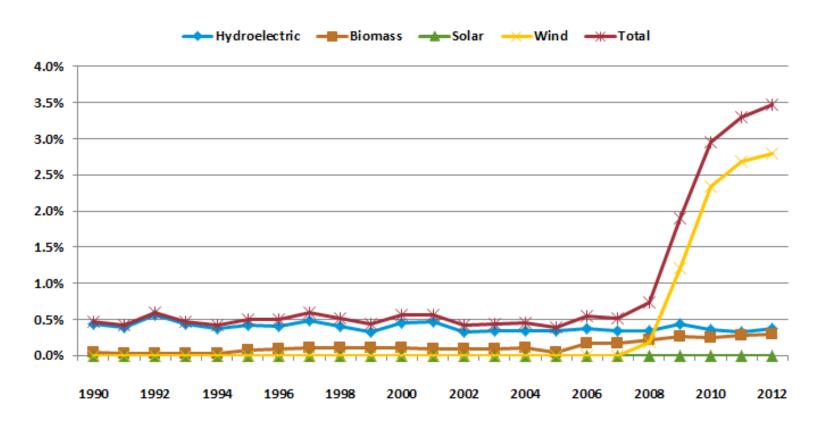
2013 U.S. Electricity Generation by Energy Source







Renewables Share of Indiana Electricity Generation



Data source: EIA





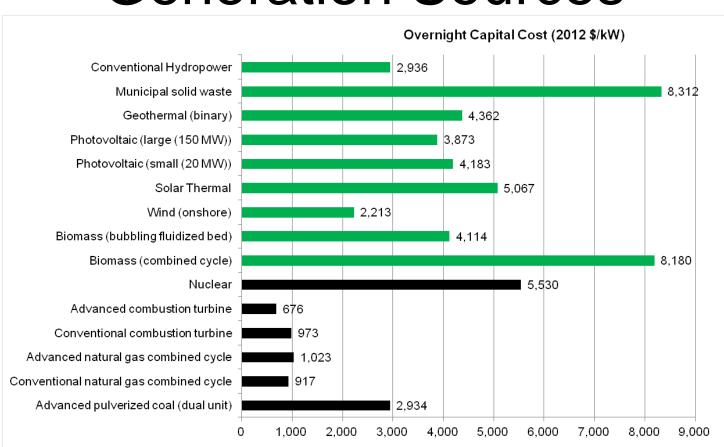
Barriers to Renewables

- Major barrier is cost
 - Most renewable technologies have high capital costs
 - According to EIA Indiana's average electric rate in 2012 was 8.29 cents/kWh vs. the national average of 9.84 cents/kWh
- Limited availability for some resources
 - Solar/photovoltaics, hydropower
- Intermittency for some resources
 - Solar/photovoltaics, wind





Capital Costs for Various Generation Sources



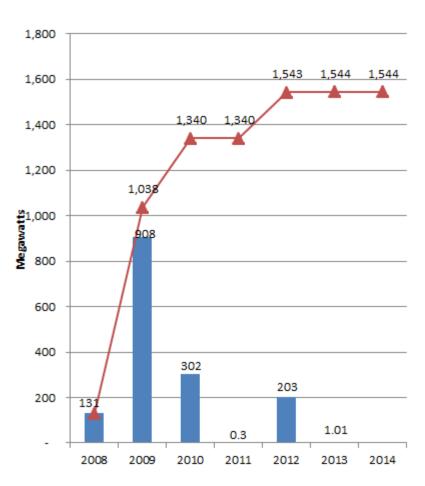


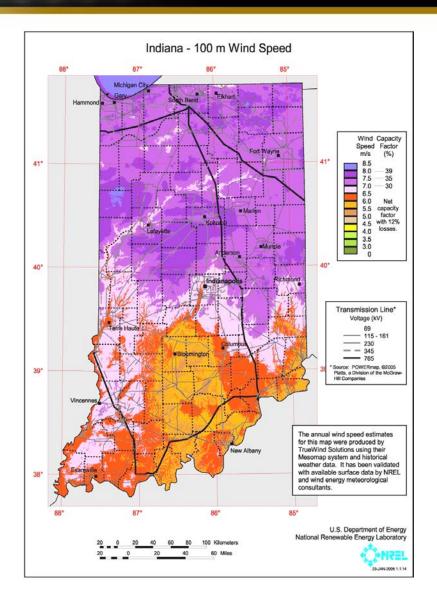
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Wind











Energy Crops

- Transportation fuels
 - Ethanol
 - Biodiesel
- Other possibilities
 - Fast growing hardwood trees (hybrid poplar/willow)
 - Grasses (switchgrass)
- Barriers to be overcome
 - Other high-value uses for the land
 - Price of competing fossil fuels
 - Harvesting and transportation costs





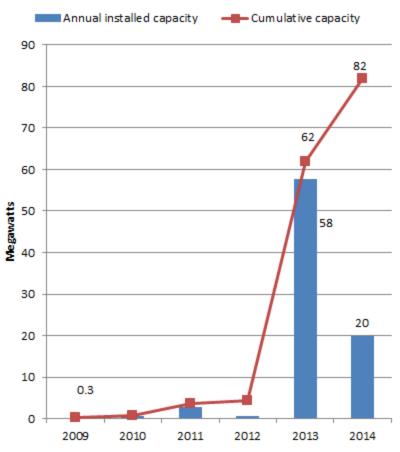
Organic Waste Biomass

- Until 2007, this resource was the largest source of renewable energy in Indiana, primarily due to the use of wood waste
 - Now 3rd behind ethanol and wind
- It is the 3rd largest source of renewable electricity generation in the state
 - Landfill gas
 - Municipal solid waste
 - Animal waste biogas
 - Wastewater treatment

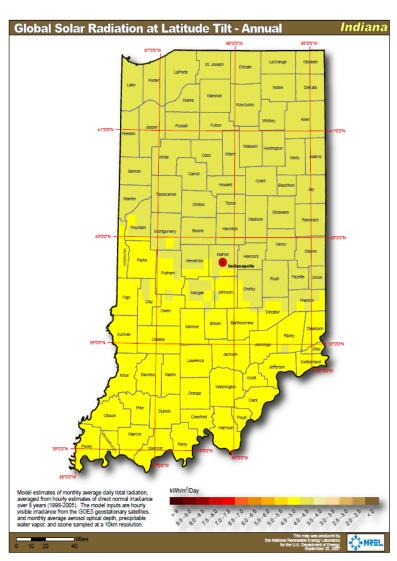




Solar Energy



Photovoltaic capacity in Indiana







Photovoltaics

- Growing rapidly in Indiana
- 351 installations totaling over 81.8 MW of capacity
 - Franklin Township (Indy Solar I&II) (26MW)
 - Indianapolis Airport (12.5 MW)
 - Decatur Township (Indy Solar III) (11 MW)
- 78 MW commissioned in 2013 and 2014
- Feed-in tariffs have large PV capacity committed
 - IPL 98 MW
 - NIPSCO 15 MW





Hydroelectric Power

- Indiana has 73 MW of hydroelectric generating capacity.
 - mostly run-of-the-river (no dam)
 - 2nd largest source of renewable electricity
 - Likely to drop to 3rd when PV production is fully accounted for
- American Municipal Power is constructing an 84 MW facility at the Cannelton Locks on the Ohio River
 - expected to be operational in 2014





Further Information

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