



# INDIANA ELECTRICITY PROJECTIONS: THE 2007 FORECAST

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Presented to:
Indiana Utility Regulatory Commission
December 21, 2007





### Forecast Highlights

- Significant real electricity price increase through 2012, then leveling off
- Electricity requirements and peak demand projections are similar to the previous forecast in the first half of the forecast
- Electricity requirements and peak demand projections are higher than the previous forecast in the later years of the forecast
- Industrial electricity consumption is projected to grow faster than previously projected
- Resource requirements are down in the early years primarily due to new purchase contracts





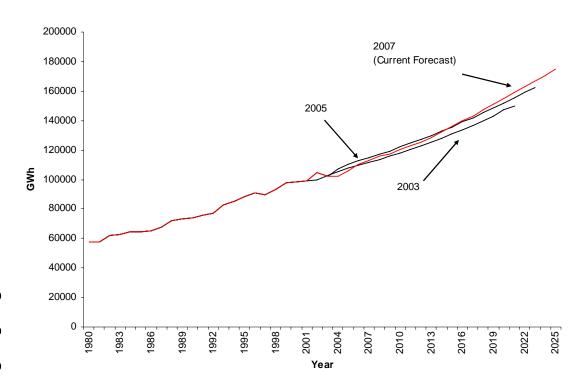
#### Indiana Electricity Requirements

- Retail sales by investor owned and not-for-profit utilities
- Includes estimated transmission and distribution losses
- Growth rates

2007 forecast: 2.46%

- 2005 forecast: 2.22%

2003 forecast: 2.16%

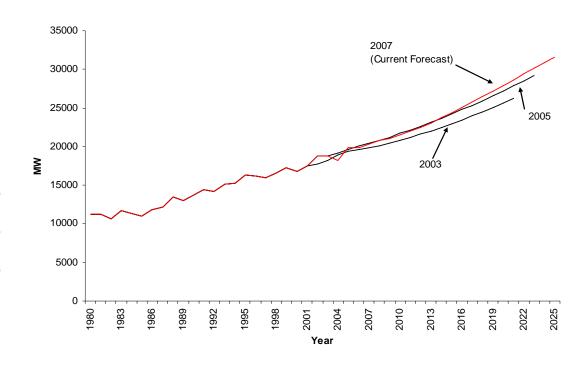






## Indiana Peak Demand Requirements

- Peak demand is net of DSM and interruptible loads
- Growth rates
  - 2007 forecast: 2.46%
  - 2005 forecast: 2.24%
  - 2003 forecast: 2.07%

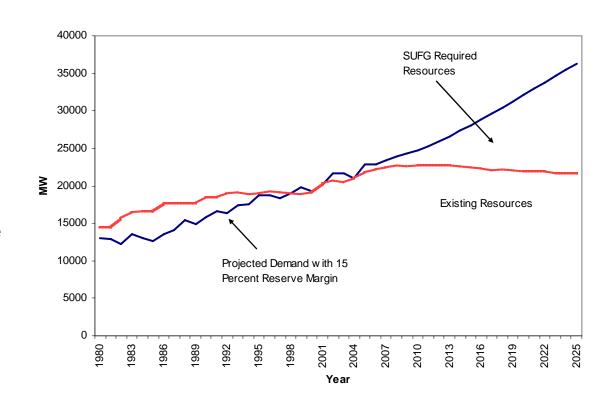






#### Indiana Resource Requirements

- Resources may be provided by conservation measures, contractual purchases, purchases of existing assets, or new construction
- Existing resources are adjusted into the future for retirements, contract expirations, and IURC approved new resources
  - Does not include Duke IGCC and I&M/Vectren wind purchases







#### Indiana Resource Requirements

	Uncontrolled	strolled Interruptible Net Peak Existing/ Incremental Projected Additional					Total	Reserve			
	Peak		Demand 2	Approved	d Change in	Resource Requirements 5				Resources 6	Margin
	Demand 1			Capacity 3	Capacity 4	Peaking	Cycling	Baseload	Total		
2005				21,777							
2006	20,933	1,059	19,874	22,166	389	90	530	120	740	22,906	1:
2007	21,393	1,062	20,331	22,519	353	140	620	90	850	23,369	1:
2008	21,865	1,063	20,803	22,779	260	230	730	170	1,130	23,909	
2009	22,163	1,065	21,099	22,554	-225	310	1,020	390	1,720	24,274	
2010	22,608	1,067	21,541	22,719	165	330	1,100	620	2,050	24,769	15
2011	23,077	1,068	22,010	22,738	19	480	1,230	880	2,590	25,328	1:
2012	23,590	1,071	22,520	22,685	-53	600	1,330	1,290	3,220	25,905	1:
2013	24,177	1,073	23,104	22,685	0	770	1,430	1,710	3,910	26,595	1:
2014	24,831	1,076	23,756	22,635	-50	1,000	1,510	2,180	4,690	27,325	1:
2015	25,464	1,078	24,387	22,511	-125	1,240	1,620	2,710	5,570	28,081	1:
2016	26,143	1,081	25,062	22,384	-126	1,440	1,710	3,300	6,450	28,834	1:
2017	26,819	1,084	25,736	22,043	-341	1,700	2,090	3,760	7,550	29,593	1:
2018	27,562	1,088	26,474	22,149	106	1,940	2,210	4,160	8,310	30,459	15
2019	28,277	1,092	27,185	22,072	-77	2,180	2,310	4,700	9,190	31,262	15
2020	29,016	1,096	27,921	21,909	-163	2,530	2,430	5,220	10,180	32,089	1:
2021	29,746	1,100	28,647	21,909	0	2,700	2,520	5,820	11,040	32,949	1:
2022	30,504	1,104	29,400	21,869	-41	2,940	2,600	6,400	11,940	33,809	1:
2023	31,219	1,108	30,112	21,709	-160	3,100	2,700	7,120	12,920	34,629	1:
2024	31,954	1,112	30,843	21,709	0	3,290	2,820	7,640	13,750	35,459	1:
2025	32,678	1,116	31,562	21,628	-81	3,470	2,930	8,290	14,690	36,318	15

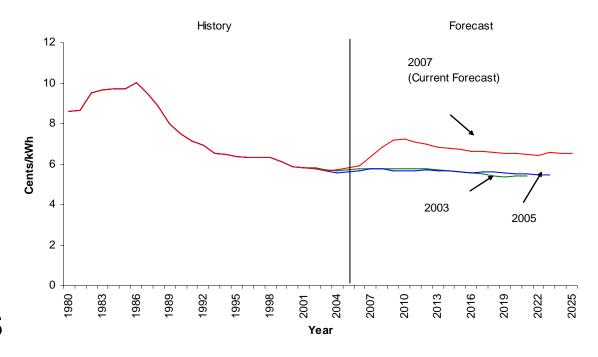
- 1 Uncontrolled peak demand is the peak demand with DSM in place butwithout any interruptible loads being called upon.
- 2 Net peak demand is the peak demand after interruptible loads are taken into account.
- 3 Existing/approved capacity includes installed capacity plus approved new capacity plus firm purchases minus firm sales.
- 4 Incremental change in capacity is the change in existing/approved capacity from the previous year. The change is due to new, approved capacity becoming operational, retirements of existing capacity, and changes in firm purchases and sales.
- 5 Projected additional resource requirements is the cumulative amount of additional resources needed to meet future requirements.
- 6 Total resource requirements are the total statewide resources required including existing/approved capacity and projected additional resource requirements.





### Indiana Real Price Projections (2005 \$)

- Effect of inflation removed
- Includes the cost of meeting CAIR and CAMR
- Does not include costs associated with CO2 or RPS
- Includes the cost of new resources

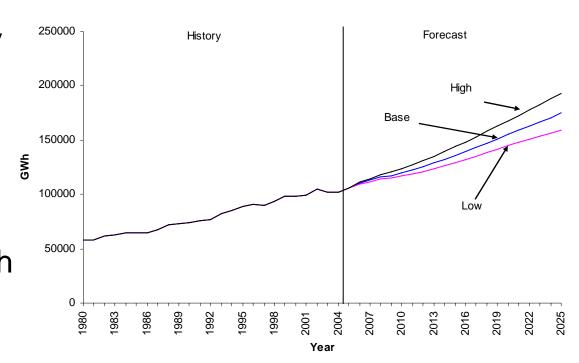






#### **Alternative Scenarios**

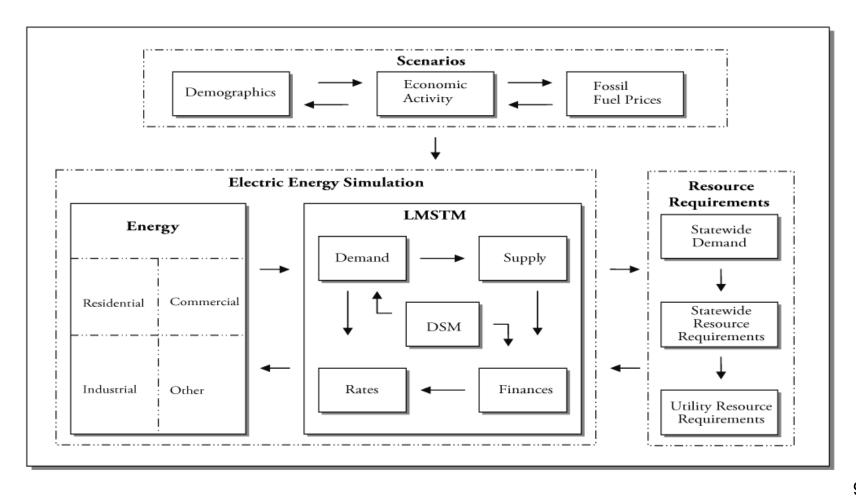
- Any forecast contains uncertainty
- CEMR provides alternative low and high growth econometric forecasts
- Low and high growth scenarios are intended to give a plausible bound to uncertainty







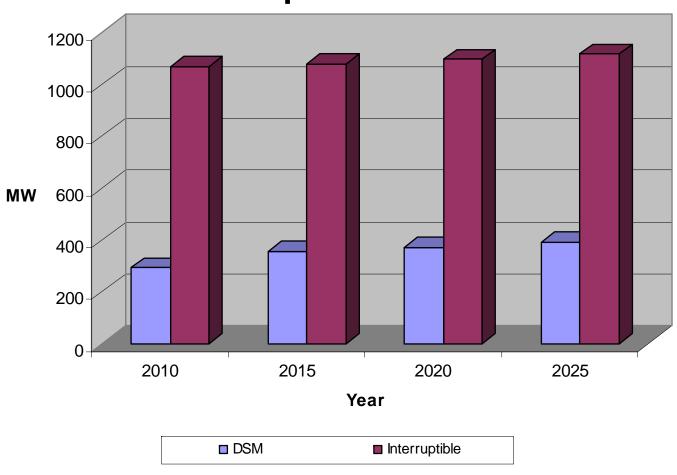
### SUFG's Modeling System







# Incremental DSM and Interruptible Loads

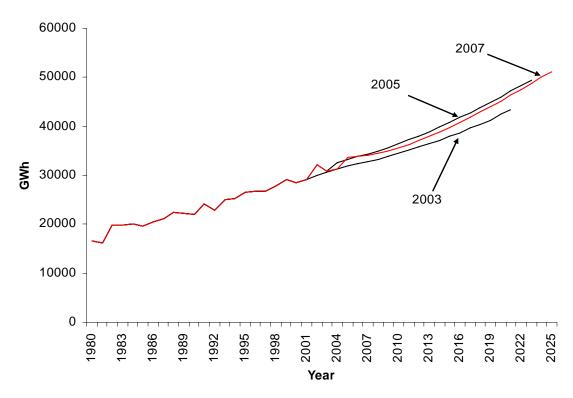






#### Residential Electricity Sales

- Estimated from:
  - demographics
  - households
  - household income
  - energy prices
- Growth rates
  - 2007 forecast: 2.21%
  - 2005 forecast: 2.22%
  - 2003 forecast: 1.95%







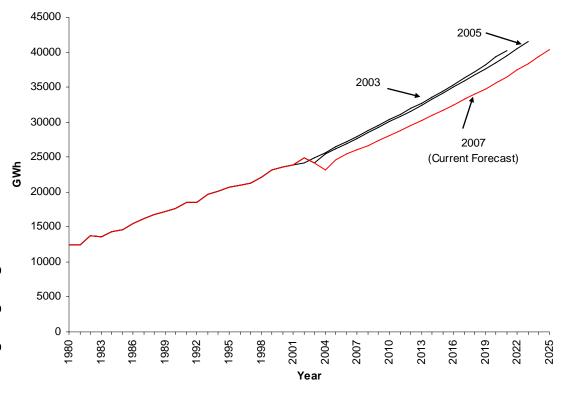
### Commercial Electricity Sales

#### Estimated from:

- floor space inventory
- end use intensity
- employment
- energy prices

#### Growth rates

- 2007 forecast: 2.46%
- 2005 forecast: 2.61%
- 2003 forecast: 2.71%







#### Industrial Electricity Sales

- Estimated from:
  - GSP by industry
  - energy prices
- Growth rates
  - 2007 forecast: 2.67%
  - 2005 forecast: 1.99%
  - 2003 forecast: 1.97%

