



*An ongoing research effort to identify and analyze the most important trends shaping our world out to the year 2030.*



### **Revolution 6: Security**

**How do we balance state competition/conflict with the increased pressures of transnational threats?**

## **RESOURCES**

### **Sample discussion questions**

- Asymmetrical violence (including terrorism) has historically accompanied eras of global economic expansion and rapid technological change. How might the technologies and movements of goods, people, and money that power globalization also inspire violence? What steps can be taken to mitigate reactionary movements to the forces of globalization? Is this violence nihilistic or simply "politics by other means"? How are economics likely to drive conflict in the future?
- How would the global risk calculus of individuals, organizations, and governments shift if a weapon of mass destruction (WMDs) were detonated in a heavily populated city? The likelihood of such an event is high according to experts around the globe. Would such an event promote closer cooperation between countries in fighting the spread of WMDs or would it drive countries further apart and back within their sovereign borders?
- How does fighting a war against an ambiguous, non-state foe alter existing relations between countries? What are the keys to transforming military and police forces to meet the challenges of guarding against the threats of today and tomorrow? How might judiciary systems and international organizations be reformed to meet these threats? How many civil liberties will citizens give up to increase their feelings of security? What actions carried out by the state on their behalf will they tolerate?

\* From, [Educating Globally Competent Citizens A Tool Kit for Teaching Seven Revolutions](#)

## **Web Resources**

[CSIS International Security](#)  
[CSIS reports of the Strategic Assessment Project](#)  
[CSIS Homeland Security and Counterterrorism Program](#)  
[CSIS Scholl Chair in International Business](#)  
[CSIS Simon Chair in Political Economy](#)  
[National Memorial Institute for the Prevention of Terrorism](#)  
[Small Arms Survey](#)  
[Human Security Report](#)  
[International Crisis Group](#)  
[The Corporate Social Responsibility Newswire](#)  
[LSE Civil Society and Human Security Research Unit](#)

## **Videos**

[Stolen Childhoods](#)  
[Science Diplomacy for Global Security \(Panel discussion\)](#)  
[Inside Story - Is climate change a global security threat?](#)  
[Organized Crime and Transnational Threats \(Video\)](#)  
[Joseph Nye on global power shifts](#)  
[What effects do transnational threats have on governance in Central Asia?](#)

## **Further Reading**

Abrahamsen, Rita, Collier, Paul, Dillon, Michael, Duffield, Mark, Hoeffler, Anke and Michael C. Williams. [The Globalization of Security](#). Chatham House Briefing Paper, October 2005.

Barnett, Thomas P.M. [The Pentagon's New Map: War and Peace in the 21st Century](#). New York: Putnam Books, 2004.